

REPUBLIC OF KENYA



THE COUNTY GOVERNMENT OF LAMU

LAMU COUNTY ANNUAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN 2022 - 2023

August, 2021

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COUNTY VISION STATEMENT

A nationally competitive county offering good quality life for all its citizens through prudent use of resources, equitable provision of services and implementation of sustainable development.

COUNTY MISSION STATEMENT

To provide services and ensure socio –economic development of the people of Lamu County through prudent utilization of resources and implementation of projects and programmes.

CORE VALUES

| Public Participation | The county will be encouraging and enhance public participation especially during preparation of medium and long-term county development plans, annual budget and during review of project performance. Community decisions will be critical in shaping the county's development agenda. |
|------------------------------|--|
| Accountability and | All decisions affecting the development needs of the county will be |
| Transparency | taken in an open and transparent manner. All project information will |
| | be displayed prominently in the community. |
| Initiative and self- help | Communities will be empowered and encouraged to solve their own challenges and seek outside help only when and where needed. |
| Integrity | The county will uphold the virtues of Integrity and honesty in all project activities to promote trust, understanding and harmony. |
| Prudence | All county resources will be used efficiently, wisely and carefully to minimize loss and wastage. The county will strive to ensure that projects are environmentally sustainable, friendly and beneficial to both present and future generations. |
| Sustainability | The county will support projects with potential for long-term continuation and of benefits to communities. |
| Social Inclusion | Where the county will encourage inclusion of all members of the community including: the poor, men, women, physically challenged, youth, vulnerable and marginalized groups. |
| Equity | All community members including the most vulnerable, the poor, the women, People with Disability and youth will be enjoy equal opportunities and rights. |

FORWARD

The County Government (CG) Act of 2012, section 104 and 105 provides that the CGs are responsible for: preparing integrated development plans; ensuring integrated planning within the county: ensuring linkages between county plans and the national planning framework; ensuring meaningful engagement of citizens in planning process; ensuring the collection, collation, storage and updating of data and information suitable for the planning processes; and ensure that no public funds shall be appropriated outside a planning framework.

Further, The Public Finance Management Act (PFMA), 2012 Section 126 Sub-section one (1) requires County Governments to prepare an Annual Development Plan (ADP) in accordance with Article 220 (2) of the constitution. It provides a basis for the implementation of the CIDP and guiding in resource allocation to priority projects and programmes The ADP which is submitted for approval to the county assembly not later than 1st September of each year provides for, inter alia, strategic priorities for the medium term that reflect the county government's priorities and plans; county programmes and projects to be delivered; measurable indicators of performance where feasible; and the budget allocated to the programme and projects.

County Executive Committee Member, FINANCE, STRATEGY & ECONOMIC PLANNING

LEGAL BASIS FOR PREPARING ANNUAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN

The Public Finance Management Act, of 2012 (126) mandates that:

- 1 Every county government shall prepare a development plan in accordance with Article 220 (2) of the Constitution, that includes:
- a. Strategic priorities for the medium term that reflect the county government's priorities and plans;
- b. A description of how the county government is responding to changes in the financial and economic environment;
- c. Programmes to be delivered with details for each programme of
 - The strategic priorities to which the programme will contribute;
 - The services or goods to be provided;
 - Measurable indicators of performance where feasible; and
 - The budget allocated to the programme;
- d. Payments to be made on behalf of the county government, including details of any grants, benefits and subsidies that are to be paid;
- e. A description of significant capital developments; (f) a detailed description of proposals with respect to the development of physical, intellectual, human and other resources of the county, including measurable indicators where those are feasible;
- f. A summary budget in the format required by regulations; and
- g. Such other matter as may be required by the Constitution or this Act.
- 2 The County Executive Committee member responsible for planning shall prepare the development plan in accordance with the format prescribed by regulations.
- 3 The County Executive Committee member responsible for planning shall, not later than the 1st September in each year, submit the development plan to the county assembly for its approval, and send a copy to the Commission on Revenue Allocation and the National Treasury.
- 4 The County Executive Committee member responsible for planning shall publish and publicize the annual development plan within seven days after its submission to the county assembly.

CHAPTER ONE

OVERVIEW OF THE COUNTY

Lamu County is located on the northern coast of Kenya. It borders Garissa County to the North, The Indian Ocean to the South and South East, and Tana River County to the South West and West. It covers a land mass area of 6,273.1km2 consisting of a mainland and an archipelago of 65 islands. Of these Islands, the five major ones that are inhabited include Lamu, Manda, Pate, Kiwayu, and Ndau. The county has a coastline of approximately 130 km and is renowned for its rich biodiversity and unique ecosystem that combines both marine and terrestrial wildlife. The Lamu Archipelago is a significant world ecological and cultural heritage with 75% of Kenya's mangrove forests located here. The area has outstanding and endemic marine biodiversity of diverse coral reefs, sea-grass beds, sand bars, lagoons and creeks that support a lucrative fishing industry.

The average temperature in the area is 27.3°C whereas the rainfall received averages 950mm per year. The different agro-ecological zones in the county are highly influenced by the rainfall variability patterns experience throughout the County and somehow define the natural potential of Lamu County. As such the county can be sub divided into two livelihoods zones with varying economic diversities which are distinct in terms of ecology, infrastructural network and population distribution. The zones are; the rich agricultural and livestock zones in the mainland and the fishing and marine zones (Islands)

Lamu county is composed of has two constituencies comprising the Lamu East and Lamu West. The county is also made of 7 divisions, 23 locations and 39 sub locations as shown in the following Table.

| Sub-County | Division | Locations | Sub-Locations |
|------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|
| Lamu West | Amu | Mkomani | Mkomani |
| | | Langoni | Langoni |
| | | Matondoni | Matondoni |
| | | | Kipungani |
| | | Shela | Shela |
| | Hindi | Hindi Magogoni | Hindi |
| | | | Bargoni |
| | | Mokowe | Mokowe |
| | | | KIlimani |
| | Mpeketoni | Mpeketoni | Kiongwe |
| | | | Central |

 Table 1: Administrative Units in Lamu County

| Sub-County | Division | Locations | Sub-Locations |
|------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| | | Bahari | Bahari |
| | | | Tewe |
| | | Mkunumbi | Mkunumbi |
| | | Mapenya | Mapenya |
| | | | Uziwa |
| | | Ndambwe | Ndambwe |
| | | Hongwe | Hongwe |
| | | U | Bomani |
| | Witu | Witu | Witu |
| | | | Pandanguo |
| | | Dide waride | Moa |
| | | | Chalaluma |
| Lamu East | Faza | Faza | Kwafani |
| | | | Kwatongani |
| | | Pate | Pate |
| | | Siyu | Siyu |
| | | | Shanga |
| | | Tchundwa | Tchundwa |
| | Kiaingitini | Kizingitini | Pate |
| | | Bwajumwali | Myabogi |
| | | Ndau | Ndau |
| | | | Kiwayuu |
| | Kiunga | Kiunga | Rubu/Mambore |
| | | | Mkokoni |
| | | Basuba | Milimani |
| | | | Mangai |
| | | | Mararani |
| Total | 7 | 23 | 39 |

The total population as per the 2019 Kenya Population and Housing Census was 143,920 comprising of 76,103 males (53%) and 67,813 females (47%).

The road network in Lamu is undergoing major transformation as several roads are being developed and upgraded to bitumen standard. Currently roads with bitumen surface stands at approximately 85Km whereas those with gravel surface are 136.1Km. 522Km of other classified roads are of earth surface.

ANNUAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN LINKAGE WITH CIDP

The investments in the Lamu CIDP are designed to create an environment that provides Lamu residents with a most conducive environment to live, work, play and learn. This ADP aims to realize the aforementioned aspirations through investments that will accelerate business growth by connecting existing and new enterprises to County resources for commercialization, and development of products to new and growing markets.

Alongside these programs is a number of life changing projects that will spur economic growth and open up employment opportunities for most of our youths. The flagship project for the county includes among others universal health care coverage for 20,000 households, household connects with fresh water supply, scholarship and bursary provision, promoting food security through enhanced investment in irrigated agriculture and overall infrastructure development among others. Worth mentioning is the strategic location of these projects to ensure that every Ward has aspiration to look forward to.

The Annual Development Plan for 2022/2023 enlists programms envisaged in the second generation CIDP. The aim is to accelerate the desired growth by linking specific sectoral programmes to well defined targets and outcomes for the planning period. This approach not only provides a mechanism for assessing the effectiveness and efficiency in the allocation of financial resources but also enable the measuring of the output and outcomes of the defined programmes/projects at the end of the year. As such, we will seek to measure "who" received "what" kind of investment, "where" it was invested and the targeted beneficiary.

COUNTY STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Infrastructure development comprising roads, Water supply and sanitation systems.
- 2. Investing in agricultural transformation and food security.
- 3. Investing in quality, affordable and accessible healthcare comprising preventative, curative and rehabilitation services.
- 4. Investing in education with a specific focus on rehabilitation and equipping of youth polytechnics, Early Childhood Development (ECDs) and enhancing community wellbeing through social programs.

5. Enhancing governance, transparency and accountability in the delivery of public service. In order to achieve the county government's development agenda of 'economic excellence' the implementing Departments within the County Sectors will have to allocate resources to high impact projects and programmes that will stimulate economic growth and hence contribute to sustainable socio-economic development. The proposed priority programmes contained in the 2022/23 ADP are therefore intended to meet the respective sectoral goals and objectives which in turn are consistent with the aspirations of our key policy documents such as the Third Medium Term Plan (2018-2022) of Kenya Vision 2030, as well as the Lamu County Integrated Development Plan (2018 - 2022).

The County adopted Programme Based Budgeting approach as mandated in Section 12 of the PFM Act, 2012. Therefore, in order to the measure results and outcomes of the budget implementation, there will be need to put in place a robust monitoring and evaluation system both at the County and Sub-County level. The system will provide a mechanism for feedback on the efficiency and effectiveness in the implementation of the programmes and projects set out in this ADP. A good basis for the monitoring and evaluation system will be to ensure consistency of programmes/projects contained in the Departmental or sectoral strategic plans with those proposed under the relevant sectors in this ADP with a view to achieving the overall county development goals.

COUNTY STRATEGIC PRIORITIES:

The Annual Development Plan will cover the following key Strategic Priorities

- a) Infrastructure development comprising roads, sanitation systems and.
- b) Investing in Agricultural transformation and food security, supporting small-scale farmers, subsidized farm inputs, technological improvements and modern farming methods, small-scale irrigation system, water reservoirs. This is expected to enhance food security, raise incomes and create employment opportunities.
- c) Investing in quality, affordable and accessible healthcare comprising both preventive and curative services through construction, and equipping of sub-county hospitals, and improvement of existing health centres and dispensaries.
- d) Investing in Education where the main focus will be on the revival and equipping of polytechnics and Early Childhood Development (ECD). By investing in social programs for women, youth, vulnerable groups as well as talent development is expected to lead to promotion of social welfare and improved standard of living.
- e) Enhancing governance, transparency and accountability in the delivery of public goods and services will be a key priority. The county government in collaboration with the national government will create conducive business environment to promote enterprise development and tourism industry.

CHAPTER TWO

REVIEW OF IMPLEMENTATION OF PREVIOUS ADP

Table: (WAWERU)

Table 2: Comparison between MTEF allocations and the actual absorption

| | | RECURRENT BUDGET | | | DEVELOPM | COMBINED | | |
|-----|----------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| NO. | DEPARTMENT | Approved Estimate | Cumulative Expenditure | Utilization % | Approved Estimate | Cumulative Expenditure | Utilization % | Cumulative Utilization % |
| 1 | Assembly | | | | | | | |
| 2 | PSM | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Finance | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Agriculture | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Lands | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Education | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Health | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Trade | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Livestock | | | | | | | |
| 10 | PSB | | | | | | | |
| 11 | Water | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Youth | | | | | | | |
| 13 | Public Health | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Fisheries | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Budget | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Infrastructure | | | | | | | |
| 17 | Municipality | | | | | | | |
| GRA | ND TOTAL | | | | | | | |

ACHIEVEMENTS IN THE PREVIOUS FINANCIAL YEAR

The specific county achievements, through its various county departments are outlaid as follows.

AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION

The Department implemented projects during the 2020/2021 financial year under crop productivity and output programme. The department was allocated Development funds of Ksh. 260,582,998 against ksh 180,000,000 proposed in the ADP for the financial year 2020/2021.

During the period under review, the department was able to purchase and distribute 130tons tons of certified seeds (maize118ton, cowpeas 5ton, green grams 5ton, Nerika rice 1.5ton and sorghum 1ton), 20,000 coconut seedlings, 10,000 grafted cashew nut seedlings.

The department also purchased and distributed 4,545kg of hybrid cottonseeds to farmers making Lamu county the only county in the country to achieve this. The department also continued to provide tractor-ploughing services to farmers and ensured that its fleet of 15 tractors are serviceable and providing services to farmers.

In addition, the Department was also able to implement the donor funded programs of KSCAP and ASDSP11. However, the Department was not able to renovate ATC, Mpeketoni.

During the period under review, the County experienced challenges in the implementation of KCSAP program mainly related to change in the coordinators of the KCSAP program and the inability to transfer ADSP funds to the programs operational accounts.

Sector/ Sub-sector Achievements in the 2020/21 FY

The county achievements in sector/sub-sector are detailed below;

Strategic Priorities and Achievements for the 2020/21 FY by Sector/Sub-Sector

The overall analysis of the strategic priorities as outlined in 2020/2021 FY and the achievements for the period are detailed below:

| Strategic Priorities | Achievements |
|------------------------|--|
| Strengthening | Developed Enterprise Development Plans |
| institutional capacity | Developed community action plans |

 Table 3: Strategic Priorities and Achievements for the 2020/2021 FY

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| Strategic Priorities | Achievements | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Development of SIVCAP | | | |
| Improving productivity and output in the agricultural sector | Distributed 130,920 kg of Hybrid maize seeds to farmers that included maize118ton, cowpeas 5ton, green-grams 5ton, Nerika rice 1.5ton and sorghum 1ton | | | |
| | Procured and distributed 4,545kg of Hybrid and BT-cotton seeds to farmers 20,000 coconut seedlings were bought and distributed 10,000 grafted cashew jut seedlings were bought and distributed | | | |
| Creating enabling | Provided transport to our staff in the field | | | |
| environment for | Provided office space to KCSAP and ASDSP11 staff | | | |
| agricultural development | Facilitated staff in terms of allowances | | | |
| Improving market access | Lake Kenyatta Cooperative remained the registered buyer of cotton | | | |
| and trade of crop produce | | | | |
| Mainstreaming climate | Mobilized community to plant drought resistant crops (eg sorghum, green | | | |
| change and other cross | grams and cowpeas) | | | |
| cutting issues in | Distributed cassava planting materials to farmers through the KCSAP project | | | |
| agriculture and rural | 77 groups were supported to grow cotton, cashew nut, Dairy and poultry by | | | |
| development. | KCSAP | | | |

Analysis of Planned Versus Allocated Budget

Overall budget in the ADP versus the actual allocation and expenditures as per sector/ sub-sector as

detailed below:

| Department | Programmes | Planned Budget | Allocated Budget |
|-------------|------------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Agriculture | Extension Service Delivery | 3,000,000 | 3,000,000 |
| and | Crop productivity and output | 35,000,000 | 35,000,000 |
| Irrigation | ASDSP | 27,382,997 | 27,382,997 |
| | KCSAP | 206,000,000 | 206,000,000 |
| | Sub-total | 251,382,997 | 251,382,997 |

Table 4:Analysis of Planned Versus Allocated Budget 2020/21 FY

Sector/ Sub-sector Achievements in 2020/21 FY Table 5:

Table 6:Summary of Sector/ Sub-sector 2020/21 FY

| Sub | Key | Key | Baseline | Planned | Achieved | Remarks |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|----------|---------|---------------|---------|
| Programm | Outcome | performance | 2019/20 | Targets | Targets | |
| e | | indicators | | 2019/20 | 2019/20 | |
| Purchase of | Increased | Quantity of | 124 ton | 130ton | 130 ton, | |
| certified | food crop | seed | | | maize118ton, | |
| seeds | yield and | purchased | | | cowpeas 5ton, | |
| | income | | | | green grams | |

| Sub Programm e | Key Outcome | Key performance indicators | Baseline 2019/20 | Planned Targets 2019/20 | Achieved Targets 2019/20 | Remarks |
|---|---|--|---------------------|---|---|--|
| | | Type of seeds purchased | | | 5ton, Nerika rice 1.5ton and sorghum 1ton | |
| Procureme nt and distribution of coconut seedlings | Improved coconut production and income | Number of coconut seedlings purchased and distributed | 50,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 seedlings | |
| Procureme nt and distribution of grafted cashew nut seedlings and seeds | Improved cashew nut production of income | Number of grafted cashew nut seedlings purchased and distributed | 20,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 seedlings | |
| Procureme nt and distribution of hybrid and BT cotton seeds | To improve farmers access to quality coconut seedlings | Quality Hybrid and BT cotton seeds procured and distributed | - | 4,545 | 4,545 | |
| Renovation of ATC | Improved access to training hall | Number buildings renovated | Training Hall | Renovations worth 10,000,000 | - | Funds were reallocated |
| Distributed Hybrid and Bt-cotton seeds | Improved cotton production and income | Number of kg received and distributed Number of acreage planted | - | - | 4545 kg | Procured and distributed hybrid and BT cotton seeds to farmers |
| Kenya Climate Smart Agriculture | Enhanced productivity and resilience | Number of value chains identified Number of farmer groups Funded Number of Enterprise development | - | 5 value chains 77 groups funded 4EDP 2 | 5 value chains 77 groups funded 4 EDP 2 | Cashew nut, cotton, fish, dairy and poultry All 5 value chains have had lead farmers and extension services |

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| Sub Programm e | Key Outcome | Key performance indicators | Baseline 2019/20 | Planned Targets 2019/20 | Achieved Targets 2019/20 | Remarks |
|----------------------|---|--|---------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| ASDSP11 | Enhanced entrepreneuri al skills for value chain actors | plans developed Number of marketing groups funded to build their capacity Number of value chain actors capacity built | - | 3 SIVCAPs | 3 SIVCSPs | providers trained on TIMPs Program did not recruit new groups for funding due to change of coordinator The CDCs continued with procurement of dairy cows and goats Poultry, Cashew nut, and, Tuna and tuna-alike value chains were to be supported Program stalled because of inability to transfer funds to the operations account |

Analysis of Capital and Non-Capital Projects for 2020/21 FY Table 7: Performance of Capital Projects for 2020/21 FY

| Project | Objective/ | Output | Performance | Status (based | | Actua | Source |
|-------------|------------|-----------|----------------|-----------------|---------|--------|--------|
| Name/ | Purpose | | Indicators | on the | d Cost | l Cost | of |
| | | | | indicators) | | | funds |
| Purchase of | To improve | Certified | Quantity of | 130 tons of | 35,000, | 35,00 | CGL |
| certified | farmers | seeds | seed purchased | certified seeds | 000 | 0,000 | |
| seeds | access to | bought | Type of seeds | Maize seeds, | | | |
| | certified | | purchased | cowpeas, green | | | |
| | seeds | | | grams, Nerica | | | |

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| Project Name/ | Objective/ Purpose | Output | Performance Indicators | Status(basedontheindicators) | Planne d Cost | Actua l Cost | Source of funds |
|---|--|--|--|---|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | rice and sorghum | | | |
| Procuremen t and distribution of coconut seedlings | To improve farmers access to quality coconut seedlings | Coconut seedlings Procured and distribute d | Number of coconut seedlings purchased and distributed | 20,000 coconuts seedling | 2,000,0 00 | 2,000, 000 | CGL |
| Procuremen t and distribution of grafted cashew nut seedlings and seeds | To improve access to quality cashew nut seedlings and seeds | Grafted cashew nut seedlings procured and distribute d | Number of grafted cashew nut seedlings purchased and distributed | 10,000 grafted cashew nut seedlings | 1,000,0 00 | 1,000, 000 | CGL |
| Procuremen t and distribution of hybrid and BT cotton seeds | To improve farmers access to quality coconut seedlings | Quality Hybrid and BT cotton seeds procured and distribute d | Quantity of cotton seeds procured and distributed | 4545ton | 9,999,0 00 | 9,999, 000 | CGL |
| Renovation of ATC | To improve farmers access to farm tractor services | ATC Building s renovate d | Number of buildings renovated | Training Hall | 10,000, 000 | 10,00 0,000 | CGL |
| Kenya Climate Smart Agriculture | To improve productivity and resilience of farmers against | Value chains identifie d Farmer | Number of value chains identified Number of farmer groups | 5 value chains were identified77 farmers groups funded i | 206,000 ,000 | 206,0 00,00 0 | WORL D BANK |
| | climate change | groups mobilize d Commun | mobilized Number of Enterprise Development Plans developed | 4 Enterprise Development Plans continued to be implemented | | | |

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| Project | Objective/ | Output | Performance | Status (based | Planne | Actua | Source |
|---------|--------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|---------|--------|--------|
| Name/ | Purpose | | Indicators | on the | d Cost | l Cost | of |
| | | | | indicators) | | | funds |
| | | ity | Number of | | | | |
| | | Action | marketing | | | | |
| | | Plans | groups funded | | | | |
| | | develope | to build their | | | | |
| | | d | capacity | | | | |
| ASDSP11 | То | 3 | Number of | 3 SIVCAP | 27,382, | 27,38 | SIDA, |
| | transform 3 | SIVCAP | SIVCAPS | developed | 997 | 2,997 | CGL, |
| | value chains | develope | developed | _ | | | NG |
| | identified | d in 2020 | | | | | |
| | into | | | | | | |
| | commercial | | | | | | |
| | enterprises | | | | | | |

Table 8: Performance of Non-Capital Projects for 2020/21 FY

| Project Name/ | Objective/ | Output | Performance | Status | Planne d Cost | Actual Cost | Source of |
|---|--|--|--|---|-------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| Location Procurement and distribution of coconut seedlings in the whole county | PurposeTo improvefarmersaccesstoqualitycoconutseedlings | Coconut seedlings Procured and distributed | IndicatorsNumberofcoconutseedlingspurchasedanddistributedof | 20,000 coconut s seedlin g | d Cost 2,000,0 00 | 2,000,000 | funds CGL |
| Procurement and distribution of grafted cashew nut seedlings and seeds in the whole county | To improve access to quality cashew nut seedlings and seeds | Grafted cashew nut seedlings procured and distributed | Number of grafted cashew nut seedlings purchased and distributed | 10,000 grafted cashew nut seedlin gs | 1,000,0 00 | 1,000,000 | CGL |
| Procurement and distribution of hybrid and BT cotton seeds | To improve farmers access to quality coconut seedlings | Quality Hybrid and BT cotton seeds procured and distributed | Quantity of cotton seeds procured and distributed | 4545kg of seed purchas ed | 10,000, 000 | 9,999,000 | CGL |

Challenges, Lessons Learnt –2020/2021 F Y

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This section should provide detailed information on the challenges experienced by the county during the implementation of the previous plan. These are not sector-specific but county-wide. This may include: Capacity, funding, legal, policy, risk preparedness etc. Additionally, the section should outline key lessons learnt from the implementation of the previous plan and proposed recommendations for improvement

| Table 9. Chanenges, Lessons Learnt | |
|--|--|
| Challenges | Recommendations/Lessons Learnt |
| Delayed release of funds led to delay in | Timely release of funds by the treasury |
| project implementation | |
| Change of program coordinator for the | The program to fast tract implementation in 2021/22FY to |
| KCSAP project led to delay in | cover for the delay |
| implementation | |
| Frequent revision of project budgets led | Adherence to the original budgetary plans |
| to non-implementation of project | |
| Underfunding of the department due to | Fund projects as per approved budgets and work plans |
| continuous county budgets reviews | |
| Unreliable IFMIS system affected funds | Improve IFMIS system |
| absorption by the department | |

| Table 0. | Challenges, | Locconc | Loornt |
|----------|-------------|---------|--------|
| Table 9: | Chanenges, | Lessons | Learnt |

EDUCATION

The following are the strategic priorities and achievements for the 2020/21 financial year by the department.

| Programmes | Strategic Priorities | Achievements | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Education/ECD | To provide quality and | Construction of new ECD Centre' and Toilets | | | | |
| | effective systems for | facilities for stand-alone ECD Centre's. | | | | |
| | ECD. | ECD Teachers were employed | | | | |
| | | Provisional of learning and teaching | | | | |
| | | materials. | | | | |
| Education/ | To provide quality and | Provision of learning and teaching materials. | | | | |
| Vocational | effective systems for | Employment of teachers. | | | | |
| Training | Vocational Training. | Capitation of 15,000 kshs per student. | | | | |
| Primary, | To support Education | Education improvement through facilitation | | | | |
| Secondary And | for all. | of bursaries and scholarships. | | | | |
| Tertiary Education. | | | | | | |

Analysis of Planned Versus Allocated Budget

Overall budget in the ADP versus the actual allocation and expenditures is detailed below:

| Sector/ Department | Programme | Planned | Allocated |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|-----------|
| - | | Budget | Budget |
| Education/ ECD | Construction of ECD Centre's | 30 | 30 |
| | Construction of ECD Toilets | 6 | 6 |
| | ECD Teaching and learning materials | 8 | 8 |
| | Sub-total | 44 | 44 |
| Education/ Vocational | Capitation | 31 | 31 |
| Trainings | Construction of Workshops | 15 | 0 |
| | Sub-total | 46 | 31 |
| Education/ Primary, | Bursaries and scholarships | 120 | 176 |
| Secondary And Tertiary | Sub-total | 120 | 176 |
| Education | | | |

Table 11: Analysis of Planned Versus Allocated Budget 2020/21 FY

| Sub | Key Outcome | b-sector Programmes 2 Key performance | | Planned | Achieved |
|--------------------------------|---|---|--------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Programme | | indicators | 2019/20 | Targets 2020/21 | Targets 2020/21 |
| Department Nan | ne: Education And V | Vocational Training | | | |
| Programme 1: E | | | | | |
| Objective (s): To | Provide quality and | d effective ECDE Educa | tion in Lan | nu County | |
| Outcome (s): Imp | proved Literacy leve | els | | | |
| Infrastructure | Improved availability and | Percentage increase in enrolment of ECDE | 86% | 88% | 90% |
| | accessibility of ECDE Education | | 60% | 70% | 80% |
| Education Improvement | Improved quality and effective | Increased rate of enrolment to ECDE | 86% | 86% | 90% |
| 1 | ECDE Education. | Increased rate of retention. | 90% | 95% | 95% |
| | | Increased rate of transition from ECDE to primary. | 90% | 95% | 95% |
| | | Increased levels of competency. | 40% | 45% | 45% |
| | | Improved rate of teacher pupil ratio. | 60% | 65% | 70% |
| Programme 2: | Vocational trainin | g | | • | |
| Objective (s): | To Equip Lamu p | eople with relevant tech | nical skills | | |
| Outcome (s): | | l self-reliance among the | | Lamu County | enhanced. |
| Infrastructural Development | Improved accessibility to TVET Education | Increased in the rate of enrollment to vocational centers | | 30% | 50% |
| | | Percentage improvement in the quality of education | 40% | 45% | 50% |
| Education Improvement | Employability and self-reliance among the people of Lamu county enhanced. | Enhanced rate of employability of TVET graduates | 50% | 60% | 65% |
| | | nd Tertiary Education | | | |
| • | | sion of quality and effec | tive educati | on in Lamu co | ounty |
| | proved performanc | | | - | |
| Infrastructure | | Increased rate of enrolment in schools | 70% | 75% | 80% |

Sector/ Sub-sector Achievements in 2020/21 FY Table 12: Summary of Sector/ Sub-sector Programmes 2020/21 FY

| Sub Programme | Key Outcome | Key performance indicators | Baseline 2019/20 | Planned Targets 2020/21 | Achieved Targets 2020/21 |
|--------------------------|--|--|---------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Improved accessibility of education. | Improved quality of education. | 40% | 60% | 65% |
| Education improvement | Improved performance | Increased rate of enrolment in primary, secondary and tertiary institutions | 70% | 75% | 80% |
| | | Increased rate of transition from secondary to tertiary. | 40% | 45% | 60% |
| | | Increased level of competencies | 40% | 45% | 50% |

Analysis of Capital and Non-Capital Projects for 2020/21 FY Table 13: Performance of Capital Projects for 2020/21 FY

| Project | Objective / | Output | Performance | Status | Planne | Actual | Source |
|---------------|--------------------|--------------|---------------|--------|---------|---------|--------|
| Name/ | Purpose | | Indicators | | d Cost | Cost | of |
| Location | | | | | | | funds |
| Capitation in | To Increase | Students in | Number of | 3,000 | 31,000, | 31,000, | GOK |
| Youth | enrollment | polytechnics | students | Youths | 000 | 000 | |
| Polytechnics | | financially | enrolled. | | | | |
| | | supported. | | | | | |
| ECDE | To increase | Learning | Number of | 10,000 | 8,000,0 | 8,000,0 | CGL |
| Teaching and | the level of | and teaching | learning and | | 00 | 00 | |
| Learning | competency | materials | teaching | | | | |
| materials. | | provided | materials | | | | |
| Provision of | To promote | Bursaries | Number of | 3,000 | 120,00 | 176,00 | CGL |
| Bursaries and | enrollment, | and | bursaries and | | 0,000 | 0,000 | |
| scholarships | retention and | scholarship | scholarships | | | | |
| | transition | awarded | awarded. | | | | |

| Project Name | Objective/ Purpose | Output | Performance Indicators | Status | Planne d Cost | Actual Cost | Source of funds |
|------------------------------------|---|--------|--|--------|------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| Construction of ECDE centers | To improve the quality and accessibility of ECDE | | Number of ECDE centers constructed | 10 | 30,000, 000 | 30,000, 000 | CGL |

| Project Name | e Objective/ Output | | Performance | Status | Planne | Actual | Source |
|--------------|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|
| | Purpose | | Indicators | | d Cost | Cost | of funds |
| Construction | To construct | 4 toilets | Number of | 4 | 6,000,0 | 6,000,0 | CGL |
| of ECDE | Quality ECDE | constructed | constructed ECDE Toilets | | 00 | 00 | |
| Toilets | Toilets. | | constructed. | | | | |

Payments of Grants, Benefits and Subsidies Table 15: Payments of Grants, Benefits and Subsidies

| Type of | Budgeted | Actual | Beneficiary | Remarks* |
|---------------|-----------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| payment | Amount | Amount | | |
| Capitation | 31,000,00 | 31,210,000 | TVETs students | Improved enrollment, retention and |
| | 0 | | | transition in TVETs |
| Bursaries and | 120,000,0 | 176,000,000 | Secondary and | Improved enrollment, retention and |
| scholarships | 00 | | Tertiary students | transition in Secondary and Tertiary |
| | | | | institutions. |

Challenges, Lessons Learnt – during the Implementation of 2020/21 FY

| Challenges | Recommendations/Lessons Learnt |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Insecurity | Enhanced security |
| Slow Procurement process | Earlier preparations of procurement documents/more trainings |
| | on procurement |
| Limited institutional and technical | Capacity building of staffs |
| capacity | |
| Land disputes | Confirm land ownership before any construction. |
| Poor monitoring and evaluation | Improved monitoring and evaluation. |
| Low funding | Increased funds |
| Transport/Logistics | Improved logistics |

Table 16: Challenges, Lessons Learnt – during the Implementation of 2020/21 FY

MEDICAL SERVICES

The strategic priorities of the department

- 1. Eliminate communicable conditions
- 2. Halt and reverse rising burden of non-communicable conditions
- 3. Reduce the burden of violence and injuries
- 4. Provide essential health services
- 5. Minimize exposure to health risk factors
- 6. Strengthen collaboration with health-related sectors

Analysis of planned versus allocated budget Table 17: Analysis of planned versus allocated budget

| Sub Programme | Key Outcome/ Outputs | Key performance Indicators | Baseline | Planned Targets | Achieved | Remarks |
|---|--|--|----------|--------------------|----------|---|
| Monitoring and reporting | Annual work plans prepared | No. of planning units with annual work plans | 32 | 40 | 32 | |
| Human Resource Management and staff capacity development | Staff performance appraised | Proportion of staff with complete performance appraisal records | 0 | 80 | 50 | |
| Leadership and governance | Improved stakeholders coordination and collaboration | No. of county health stakeholders meetings held | 3 | 4 | 2 | Meetings were not held in 2 quarters due to Covid-19 containment protocols |
| Health financing | Reduced out of pocket expenditure on health | No. of households registered on the Lamu County sponsored NHIF cover | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | |
| Disease prevention and control | Increased number of children protected from vaccine preventable diseases | % of children below one year fully immunized | 87 | 90 | 82 | |
| Disease prevention and control | Decreased transmission of TB in the community | % of TB patients completing treatment | 89 | 90 | 81 | |

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| Sub Programme | Key Outcome/ Outputs | Key performance Indicators | Baseline | Planned Targets | Achieved | Remarks |
|---------------------------------|---|--|----------|--------------------|----------|---|
| Health promotion | Increased number of pregnant women attend the recommended number of antenatal clinic visits | Proportion of pregnant women attending at least 4 ANC visits | 52% | 65% | 60% | |
| Community health services | Increased community demand for health services | No. of functional community health units (CHUs) | 3 | 8 | 8 | |
| | Increased access to primary health services | Outpatient utilization rate | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.4 | |
| | Increased number of deliveries conducted by SBAs | % of deliveries conducted by a skilled birth attendant | 84 | 89 | 86 | Despite the increased coverage, there are inequalities with Lamu East Sub-Counuty having a much lower coverage |
| | Improved access to quality health care services | % of public health facilities providing basic emergency obstetric and new- born care | 13 | 30 | 40 | |
| | Reduction in facility based maternal deaths | Health facility maternal mortality ratio (per 100,000 live births) | 131 | 45 | 107 | |

Analysis of Capital and Non-Capital projects of the Previous ADP

Table 18: Performance of Capital Projects for the previous year

| Project name/ Location | Objective/purpo se | Output | Performan ce indicator | Status | Planned cost | Actual cost | Sourc e of funds |
|---|--|---|--|--------|-----------------|---|------------------------|
| NHIF Indigentcoverfor20,0000households | Health financial risk protection of indigent residents | No of households enrolled | 20,000 | 100% | 120,000, 000 | 120,00 0,000 | CGL |
| Renovation of Shanga Rubu Dispensary | Increased access to primary health services | Renovated dispensary | % of works completed | 0 | 1,000,00 0 | Not awarde d | CGL |
| Expansion of Kizingitini hospital phase one | Improved health infrastructure | Upgraded health facility | % of works completed | 90% | 9,000,00 0 | 7,988, 242 | CGL |
| Construction and equiping of kihongwe Dispensary and toilet | Increased access to primary health services | Dispensary and ventilation improved(VIP) latrines | % of works completed | 90% | 8,000,00 0 | 5,875, 108 | CGL |
| Construction Hongwe dispensary | Increased access to primary health services | New dispensary | % of works completed | 90% | 6,000,00 0 | 57730 30 | CGL |
| Manda Maweni Dispensary | Increased access to primary health services | New dispensary | % of works completed | 0 | 6,000,00 0 | Award ed in June | CGL |
| Equiping of of Mpeketoni Hospital Maternity and OPD | Improved quality of health services | Equipped OPD block | No of units in maternity and OPD equipped as per norms and standards | 0 | 8,000,00 0 | Equip ment is yet to be deliver ed | CGL |
| Construction and equiping of Laboratory in Uziwa dispensary | Improved quality of health services | Medical laboratory | % of completed works | 0 | 6,000,00 0 | Not awarde d | CGL |
| Construction and equiping of Chalaluma dispensary | Increased access to primary health services | New dispensary | % of works completed | 10 | 6,000,00 0 | Works stalled | CGL |
| Purchase of an advanced life | Strengthened referral system | ambulance | No of functional | 7 | 9,700,00 0 | 9,530, 000 | CGL |

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| support ambulance Covid 19 conditional | Improved surge capacity | Equipped covid-19 | ambulances in the county % of the grant | 80 | 13,682,0 00 | 10,842 ,283 | CGL |
|--|---|--------------------------------|---|-----|----------------|--------------------|-----|
| grant purchase of isolation Beds and other equipment | | isolation wards | absorbed | | | | |
| Renovation of old Mortuary building to a Laundry block | Improved quality of care | Laundry unit | % of works completed | | 1,500,00 0 | 1,500, 000 | CGL |
| Advanced life support ambulance for Kiunga Health Centre | Strengthened referral system | Ambulance | Nooffunctionalambulancesinthecounty | 7 | 9,600,00 0 | 9,530, 000 | CGL |
| Construction of OPD at Mpeketoni | Improved quality of health services | Modern OPD block | % of works completed | 100 | 51,000,0 00 | 51,000 ,000 | CGL |
| Renovation of King Fahd Hospital | | Improved servicescap es | % of works completed | 90 | 5,000,00 0 | 5,000, 000 | CGL |
| Purchase of Medical equipment; Ophthalmolog y, Dental and Physiotherapy for Lamu County Hospital | Improved quality of health services | Well equipped hospital | No. of OPD units equipped as per norms and standards | 0 | 5,000,00 | Not awarde d | CGL |
| Construction of a dispensary at Wiyoni | Increased access to primary health services | New dispensary | % of works completed | 100 | 5,000,00 0 | 49455 80 | CGL |
| Construction of a dispensary at Kashmir- Phase 1 | Increased access to primary health services | New dispensary | % of works completed | 100 | 5,000,00 0 | 49281 80 | CGL |
| Procurement of immuno- analyzer | Timely screening of blood for transfusion | Immuno- analyzer | No. of blood units screened | 200 | 6,000,00 0 | 4,500, 000 | CGL |
| Completion of Siyu Health centre | | Upgraded health facility | % of works completed | 0 | 10,000,0 00 | Not awarde d | CGL |

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| Renovation of Pandanguo dispensary | Improved quality of health services | Improved dispensary | % of works completed | Renov ations carried out by KDF | 2,500,00 0 | Not awarde d | CGL |
|--|--|---|--|---|----------------|--------------------|-----|
| Construction of VIP latrines at Kiunga H/C | Improved sanitary facilities | Improved sanitary facilities | % of works completed | 0 | 1,000,00 0 | Not awarde d | CGL |
| Renovation of Witu outpatient block | | Refurbishe d OPD block | % of works completed | 0 | 4,230,96 9 | Not awarde d | CGL |
| Equiping and furnishing of New OPD at Faza Hospital | Improved quality of health services | Equipped OPD block | No of OPD units equipped as per norms and standards | 0 | 4,000,00 0 | Not awarde d | CGL |
| Completion of Witu Accident & Emergency unit | | A&E unit | % of works completed | 0 | 2,506,15 9 | Not awarde d | CGL |
| Completion and equipping of Lamu County Hospital intensive care unit | | Intensive care unit | % of works completed | 90 | 5,000,00 0 | 4,714, 684 | CGL |
| Lamu County Hospital oxygen plant | Improved availability of medical oxygen | Commissio ned oxygen plant | % of works completed | 0 | 17,000,0 00 | Not awarde d | CGL |
| Mavuno dispensary VIP latrines | Better sanitation | Sanitary facilities | % of works completed | 0 | 1,000,00 0 | Not awarde d | CGL |
| Ishakani dispensary solar system | Provision of power in support of service delivery | Solar lighting system | | | 500,000 | Not awarde d | CGL |
| Supply, installation and commission of an X-ray machine and accessories at | Improved diagnostics capacity | X-ray machine with accessories | No of health facilities offering radiology services | 4 | 7,000,00 | 6,810, 836 | CGL |

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| Witu | Health | | | | |
|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Centre | | | | | |

 Table 19: Performance of Non-Capital Projects for previous ADP

| Project Name/ | Objective/ | Performance | Status | Planned | Actual Cost | Source |
|------------------|-------------|-----------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|--------|
| Location | Purpose | Indicators | | Cost (Ksh.) | (Ksh.) | of |
| | | | | | | funds |
| NHIF Indigent | Reduce out- | No. of households | 100% | 120,000,000 | 120,000,000 | CGL |
| cover for 20,000 | of- pocket | enrolled on the Lamu | | | | |
| households | expenditure | County sponsored NHIF | | | | |
| | on health | cover | | | | |

Challenges Experienced During Implementation of the Previous ADP

This section provides detailed information on the challenges experienced by the county during the implementation of the previous plan.

The late approval of the first supplementary budget affected the implementation of the rollover projects and newly proposed projects. Contractual obligations to various service providers were not adhered to.

Response to the Covid-19 pandemic affected delivery of other essential health services either due to crowding out of expenditure or limitation in some service delivery models. For instance, integrated outreaches were discouraged whenever there was a surge in infections.

The limited allocation to the Emergency Fund affected preparedness and response measures against the Covid-19 pandemic.

Lessons learnt and recommendations

This section should outline key lessons learnt from the implementation of the previous plan and proposed recommendations for improvement.

1. Early initiation of procurement processes to ensure timely implementation of projects

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- 2. Budgeting for large infrastructure projects could be done in phases to factor the realities of budget execution and project implementation.
- 3. There's need to pass the first supplementary budget early in the financial year to facilitate implementation of rollover projects.

TRADE, TOURISM AND INDUSTRY

The Strategic Priorities of the Department

- a) Promotion and coordination of the development of micro, small and medium enterprises engaged in trade
- b) Management of credit finance for micro, small and medium business
- c) Promotion of wholesale retail trade
- d) Collection of business information and management of county business information centers
- e) Promote fair trade practices
- f) Advocacy for creation of conducive environment for trade and investment
- g) Undertaking profiling of investment opportunities in the county
- h) Development and promotion of county specific tourism programs and projects;
- i) Coordinate and facilitate the management and control of county specific tourism activities;
- j) Development of partnerships between county governments and other stakeholders on Tourism matters;
- k) Provision of incentives schemes that enhance investment in local tourism;
- 1) Promote tourism through local cultures and environment;
- m) Sensitization of communities on conservation of tourism attractions;

Analysis of planned versus allocated budget

The department planned to be allocated Ksh. 59,500,000, Ksh.31,000,000, Ksh.19,200,000, and

Ksh.6,500,000 for trade development, investment, tourism product development and tourism

development respectively.

But due to budgetary constraints and prioritization issues, the sub sector received Ksh. 14,684,072 and Ksh. 4,338,341 for trade and tourism respectively.

| Sub- | Key outcome | Key | Baselin | | | |
|-------------|-------------------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------|
| Program | /Output | Performance | e | Planned | Achieve | Remarks |
| me | | Indicators | | target | d | |
| | | | | | targets | |
| Trade | Increased growth | Percentage | 35% | 60% | 25% | Variance due |
| infrastruct | of business | increase In | | | | to COVID-19 |
| ural | operation | business | | | | pandemic |
| developm | | ventures | | | | |
| ent | | No. of new | 3 | 7 | 6 | |
| | | markets | | | | |
| | | Constructed | | | | |
| Capacity | Increased | Percentage | 30% | 50% | 0% | Insufficient |
| building | capacity building | increase of | | | | funding |
| | of entrepreneurs | Entrepreneurs | | | | |
| | | trained | | | | |

Table 20: Analysis of planned versus allocated budget

| Trade credit | Increased business sustainability through access to credit | Percentage increase in enterprises accessing in credit | 12.3% | 40% | 0% | Insufficient funding |
|--|--|---|-------|------|------|---|
| Trade legal framewor k | Developed County Trade Investment policy and Revise trade Acts | NumberofcountyInvestmentPolicy developed | 0 | 2 | 0 | Insufficient funding |
| Destinatio n managem ent | Improved number of tourists visiting Lamu | Percentage improvement in coordinated management of destination elements | 3000 | 6000 | 2300 | Variance due to COVID 19 pandemic |
| Tourism products developm ent | Improving and diversifying tourism products | Number of new tourism products improved | 2 | 2 | 0 | Insufficient funding |
| | | Number of new tourism products developed | 6 | 6 | 0 | Insufficient funding |
| Tourism marketing and promotion | Increased awareness of Lamu as a unique tourist destination | Number of tourism events organised | 3 | 5 | 2 | Insufficient funding |
| | | Numberoftourismpromotional | 4 | 10 | 0 | Insufficient funding |

| | materials | | |
|--|-----------|--|--|
| | branded | | |
| | | | |

Key Achievements

1. Development of Market infrastructure: The department has been involved in construction of markets in order to enhance conducive business environment for small traders and ensure compliance to acceptable market standards. Currently construction of Majembeni and Hongwe fresh produce Open air Markets is on final phase while construction of Jua Kali shed at Kiongwe, Ngoi women shed and Boda Boda sheds at Mpeketoni, Mtangawanda, Hindi, Hongwe and Witu have been completed.

2. Establishment of legal framework to Finance MSEs; Many micro and small businesses in Lamu are faced with challenges in accessing credit facilities to startup or grow their businesses. The department of trade has initiated legislation to implement interest free revolving loan scheme to address the issue. The chanzo fund regulation awaits executive endorsement and fund availability. The trade department also works to network local traders with financial institutions to facilitate easy access to business capital through various financial products.

3. Promotion and Marketing of tourism; The department has been involved in promotion of Lamu County as most preferred tourists destination in Kenya through digital platforms, media as well as participating in national tourism Expos and events such as magical Kenya, Kenya National Culture and Tourism Festival, Live Love Nairobi festival, Lamu Arts and music festival, Lamu Yoga festival, new year dhow race, Maulid festival etc. Annual Lamu cultural festival is the most popular festival in Kenya attracting both local and international visitors. The department of tourism has taken central role to organize and hold this important event in our yearly calendar of events.

4. Investment profiling and promotion: During last current financial year, the department reached out to Kenya Investment Authority Managing Director to seek support in profiling investment opportunities for Lamu County and package such as an investment guide for potential investors. Following a successful engagement, the Kenya Investment Authority management accepted to extend the support and even went further to pledge to assist the county identify potential investors and link them to small traders through investors fora.

5. Promoting fair trade practices: The department lacks weigh and measures officers. However, the trade office has established a working relationship with weigh and measures department in Kilifi

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County and looks forward to start off its first weigh and measures verification and inspection exercise soonest. This important activity will test accuracy of weigh measure equipment used by our traders hence ensuring fair trade for both consumers and sellers.

| Project Objective/ | | Output | Performance | Status | Planned | Actual | Source |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| Name/ | Name/ Purpose | | Indicators | | Cost | Cost | of |
| Location | | | | | | | funds |
| Construction | Create | Constructed | Percentage | 60% | 6,000,000 | 6,000,000 | LCG |
| of Majembeni | conducive | Majembeni | Completion | completed | | | |
| Open Air | business | Open air | of the market | | | | |
| Market | environment | market | | | | | |
| (Phase III) | | | | | | | |
| Construction | Create | Constructed | Percentage | incomplete | 6,000,000 | 6,000,000 | LCG |
| of Open Air | conducive | Hongwe | Completion | | | | |
| Market at | business | Open air | of the market | | | | |
| Hongwe | environment | market | | | | | |
| (phase.II) | | | | | | | |
| Rehabilitation | Improve | Rehabilitated | No. of toilets | incomplete | 500,000 | 500,000 | LCG |
| of market | sanitation at | market | rehabilitated | | | | |
| toilets at | market | toilets | | | | | |
| Mpeketoni, | places | | | | | | |
| Amu and | | | | | | | |
| Hindi | | | | | | | |

Analysis of Capital and Non-Capital projects of the Previous ADP Table 21: Performance of Capital Projects for the previous year

Challenges experienced during implementation of the previous ADP

Despite commitment to deliver, trade and tourism sub sectors have been receiving insufficient budgetary allocation for implementation on key programmes and projects. Tourism being a service industry is worst affected.

Other challenges include lack of political good will, implementation of projects outside CIDP, Covid 19 pandemic, low staffing levels and inefficiencies in procurement procedures.

Lessons learnt and recommendations

Political commitment is an important ingredient in ensuring that the department receives enough funding and capacity to implement its programmes. Despite availability of immense opportunities to

impact on the livelihood of people involved in the trade and tourism subsectors, the department lacked political good will.

It is therefore recommended that regular governors round table meetings are held to highlight and lobby for implementation of key economic programmes.

LIVESTOCK & COOPERATIVES

The Department in the FY 2021/2022 was able to achieve the targets as detailed in table below.

| Project name Project | | Description | ption Estimate | | Time | Performance | Target | Status |
|----------------------|---------|---------------|----------------|-------|---------|-------------------|--------|--------|
| U | Locatio | of activities | d cost | e of | frame | indicators | s | |
| | n | | (Ksh.) | funds | (Years) | | | |
| Rehabilitation/ | Nagele, | Construct, | 9,478,59 | CGL | 1 | complete sale | 1 | Conclu |
| construction of | Witu | equip and | 5 | | | yard | | ded |
| Nagele | ward | operationaliz | | | | operationalize | | |
| Livestock | | ed of a | | | | sale yard | | |
| market Phase IV | | livestock | | | | | | |
| | | market. | | | | | | |
| Community | Tewe, | Fencing, de- | 1,500,00 | CGL | 1 | Communities | 1 | On- |
| Pasture and feed | | stamping and | 0 | | | equipped with | | going |
| development | | establishment | | | | tools and storage | | |
| projects | | of pasture | | | | equipment | | |
| | Vumbe, | Fencing, de- | 1,500,00 | CGL | 1 | Communities | 1 | On- |
| | Faza | stamping and | 0 | | | equipped with | | going |
| | ward | establishment | | | | tools and storage | | |
| | | of pasture | | | | equipment | | |

Table 22: Livestock Department, FY 2021-2022

Sub-sector Achievements in the Previous Financial Year

- 1. Rehabilitation/ construction of Nagele Livestock market Phase IV
- 2. Community Pasture and feed development projects in Bahari and Faza wards
- 3. Purchase of veterinary drugs, tools and supplies including spray pumps
- 4. Purchase of veterinary vaccines
- 5. Construction Kitumbini cattle dip
- 6. Purchase of veterinary equipment, pumps and automatic syringes
- 7. Construction of Mokowe slaughter house
- 8. Construction of slaughter house at Mpeketoni II

Payments of Grants, Benefits and Subsidies

The department was able to allocate matching grants to ASDSP and KCSAP as detailed below.

| Payment | Budgeted Amount | Actual Amount paid | Beneficiary | Remarks |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| Matching grant | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 | ASDSP | Fulfilling donor condition |
| Matching grant | 4,000,000 | 4,000,000 | KCSAP | Fulfilling donor condition |

Table 23: Payments of Grants, Benefits and Subsidies

Challenges experienced

The department was able to implement a number of the planned projects. However, the department was unable to implement fully the intended, budgeted and planned projects due to the following challenges:

- E-sourcing- suppliers were not ready to embrace the new technology
- Poor internet connectivity and geographical environment
- Bureaucratic procurement procedures
- Insufficient knowledge to accommodate new procurement dynamic emerging trends
- Insufficient in-process monitoring of procurement procedures

Lessons Learnt and Recommendations

- For the department to succeed in full implementation of the ADP, the County should ensure that the following be approved within the required time: procurement plan, ADP, budget and bill of quantities.
- Regular capacity building of staff involved in procurement is essential.
- There is need for inbuilt monitoring and evaluation of the ADP.

WATER

The Water Development in the FY 2020/2021 was able to achieve the targets as detailed in table 2.1 and 2.2 below.

| Project name | Project Location | Description of activities | Estimated cost (Ksh.) | Source of funds | Time frame (Years) | Perfor mance indicat ors | Tar gets | Status | Implementing agency |
|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------------|------------------------|
| Kiunga | Kiunga | Installation | 13,221,89 | CGL | 1 | 1No. | 1 | Ongoin | Department of |
| Desalinatio | Village/ | of | 9 | | | plant | | g,100% | Water |
| n plant | Kiunga | Desalination plant at | | | | installe d. | | comple te | |
| | ward | Kiunga | | | | u. | | | |
| Ndau | Ndau | Installation | 13,496,89 | CGL | 1 | 1No. | 1 | 100% | Department of |
| Desalinatio | Village/ | of | 9 | | | plant | | comple | Water |
| n plant | | Desalination | | | | installe | | te | |
| | Kiunga | plant at | | | | d | | | |
| | ward | Ndau | | | | | | | |
| Kizingitini | Kizingitin | Installation | 12,986,89 | CGL | 1 | 1No. | 1 | Ongoin | Department of |
| Desalinatio | i village/ | of | 9 | | | plant | | g, | Water |
| n plant | | Desalination | | | | installe | | 100% | |
| | Faza ward | plant at | | | | d | | comple | |
| | | Kizingitini | | | | | | te | |

Table 24: Water Department, FY 2020-2021

Achievements in the Previous Financial Year

- 1. Installation of Desalination plant at Kiunga. The project is 90% complete.
- 2. Installation of Desalination plant at Ndau village. The project is 50% complete.
- 3. Installation of Desalination plant at Kizingitini village. The project is 50% complete.
- 4. Construction of reticulation system and household water connections in Ndau. The project is 10% complete.
- 5. Construction of reticulation system and household water connections in Kiwayuu. The project is 50% complete.
- 6. Construction of reticulation system and household water connections in Faza. The project is 90% complete.
- 7. Construction of reticulation system and household water connections in Siyu. The project is 90% complete.

Challenges Experienced

- > Delayed release of funds led to delay in project implementation
- Frequent revision of project budgets led to delays of project
- > Underfunding of the department due to continuous county budgets reviews
- > Unreliable IFMIS system affected funds absorption by the department
- Prolonged insecurity situation in some areas in the county led to abandoning of farms

Lessons learnt and recommendations

- > Projects targeting the women showed higher levels of sustainability.
- Devolution of resources to the county improved flexibility in projects design and implementation. The process of decision making is shorter and faster leading to higher adoption
- Involvement of people in public participation led to increased ownership of the projects and improved adoption
- > Participation of stakeholder in planning reduces duplication

GENDER, YOUTH AFFAIRS, SPORTS, CULTURE AND SOCIAL SERVICES

The overall analysis of the strategic priorities as outlined in 2020/21 FY and the achievements for the partial are detailed below.

period are detailed below:

| Department | Strategic Priorities | Achievements |
|---------------|----------------------|--|
| Gender/Sports | Construction and | Tenders for several Sports facilities; Lamu Boys 7- |
| | rehabilitation of | Aside, Shella 7-Aside, Twaif and Muungano Basketball |
| | sports facilities | Courts were awarded and construction is ongoing. |
| Gender/Youth | Youth Empowerment | 1000 Youths were trained on driving courses. |
| | Programs | Youth Empowerment Grants were processed and will |
| | | soon be awarded. |
| Gender/Social | Women | Tenders for several Social Halls were awarded and |
| Services | Empowerment | construction is going on; Kiwayu. Shanga Ishakani, |
| | | Mtangawanda and Muhamarani |
| | | Women Empowerment Grants were processed and will |
| | | soon be awarded. |
| Gender/Social | PWD Empowerment | A Tender was awarded for construction of PWD office |
| Services | | in Bahari and construction is ongoing. |
| | | PWD Empowerment Grants were processed and will |
| | | soon be awarded. |

|--|

Analysis of Planned Versus Allocated Budget

Overall budget in the ADP versus the actual allocation and expenditures as per sector/ sub-sector as

detailed below:

| No. | Department | Programme | Planned Budget (ADP 2019/20) Ksh. Millions | AllocatedBudget(Budget 2019/20)Ksh. Millions |
|-----|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | Gender/Sports | Construction and Rehabilitation | 55 | 45 |
| | | Sports Promotion | 5 | 0.5 |
| | | Sub-total | 60 | 45.5 |
| 2. | Gender/Youth | Youth Empowerment | 5 | 2 |
| | | Training of drivers/Coxswain | 15 | 0 |
| | | Sub-total | 20 | 2 |
| 3. | Gender/Social Services | Women Empowerment | 5 | 2 |
| | | PWD Empowerment | 5 | 2 |

 Table 26: Analysis of Planned Versus Allocated Budget 2020/21 FY

| (| Construction of Social | 20 | 15 |
|---|------------------------|----|----|
| | Halls | | |
| | Construction of PWD | 5 | 3 |
| | Office | | |
| 5 | Sub-totals | 35 | 22 |

Table 27: Sub-sector Achievements in 2020/21 FY

| Sub Programme | Key Outcome | Key performance indicators | Baseli ne 2019/2 0 | Planned Targets 2020/21 | Achieved Targets 2020/21 | Remarks |
|---|--|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Sports infrastructure | Sports infrastructu re of Lamu | 1. Number of residents using sports infrastructure | 40,000 | 45,000 | 10,000 | Covid-19 Restrictions |
| | County Enhanced | 2. Increased rate of people taking sports for recreation and leisure. | 50% | 60% | 35% | Covid-19 Restrictions |
| Talent Development and | Sports Talent developed | 1.Number of people whose talents are developed and promoted | 11,000 | 13,000 | 2,000 | |
| promotion | and promoted | 2.Percentage of people utilizing sports | 50% | 60% | 25% | " |
| Social Infrastructure and amenities | Social capital of the youths enhanced. | 1. Percentage of youths benefitting from social infrastructure and amenities. | 10% | 50% | 20% | Covid-19 Restrictions |
| | | 2. Number of Youths rehabilitated and integrated in the community. | 100 | 200 | 0 | " |
| Social economic empowermen t of Youths | Youths socially and economical ly empowered | Number of Youths socially and economically empowered. | 1,000 | 5,000 | 0 | " |
| Social Infrastructura 1 amenities | Enhanced social capital. | 1. Proportion of residents benefiting from social infrastructure and amenities. | 30% | 50% | 20% | Covid-19 Restrictions |
| | | 2. Percentage of cohesion and integration in Lamu County. | 30% | 50% | 20% | " |

| Sub Programme | Key Outcome | Key performance indicators | Baseli ne 2019/2 0 | Planned Targets 2020/21 | Achieved Targets 2020/21 | Remarks |
|------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|
| Social | Lamu | 1.Rate of cohesion and | 30% | 50% | 20% | " |
| Services | County | integration | | | | |
| Empowerme | Residents | 2. Rate of women and | 0% | 10% | 0% | " |
| nt | Socially | PWDS economically | | | | |
| Programme. | Empowere | empowered through grants | | | | |
| | d. | and other social support. | | | | |

Analysis of Capital and Non-Capital Projects for 2020/21 FY Table 28: Performance of Capital Projects for 2020/21 FY

| Project | Objective/ | Output | Performanc | Status | Planned | Actual | Source |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|------------|------------|-----------|--------|
| Name/ | Purpose | output | e Indicators | Status | Cost | Cost | of |
| Location | 1 uipose | | c multurons | | Cost | Cost | funds |
| Construction | To identify, | Sports | Number of | Five | 33,000,000 | 33,000,00 | CGL |
| and | nurture and | facilities | sports | facilities | | 0 | |
| rehabilitation | promote | rehabilitated | facilities | constructe | | | |
| of sports | sports talents | and | rehabilitated | d. | | | |
| facilities | in Lamu | constructed. | and | | | | |
| | County | | constructed. | | | | |
| Construction | To Promote | Social Halls | Number of | Four | 15,000,000 | 15,000,00 | CGL |
| and | Social | Constructed | Social Halls | Facilities | | 0 | |
| Rehabilitation | Cohesion | and | Constructed | Constructe | | | |
| of Social Halls | and Social | Rehabilitate | and | d | | | |
| | Interactions | d | Rehabilitated | | | | |
| | for the | | | | | | |
| | people in | | | | | | |
| | Lamu | | | | | | |
| | County | | | | | | |
| Training of | To empower | Lamu | Number of | 1000 | 15,000,000 | 0 | CGL |
| drivers and | Lamu youths | Youths | Youths | | | | |
| coxswain | economicall | economicall | economically | | | | |
| | у. | У | empowered. | | | | |
| | | empowered. | | | | | |

| Project Name/ | Objective/ | Output | Performance | Status | Planned | Actual | Source |
|---------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|--------|-----------|---------|--------|
| Location | Purpose | | Indicators | | Cost | Cost | of |
| | | | | | (Kshs.) | (Kshs.) | funds |
| Youth | To empower | Youth's | Number of | 0 | 2,000,000 | 0 | CGL |
| Empowerment | the Youths | economically | youths | | | | |
| | economically | empowered. | empowered. | | | | |
| Women | To empower | Women | Number of | 0 | 2,000,000 | 0 | CGL |
| Empowerment | women | economically | women | | | | |
| | economically | empowered. | empowered. | | | | |
| PWD | To empower | PWD | Number of | 0 | 2,000,000 | 0 | CGL |
| Empowerment | PWD | Economically | PWD | | | | |
| | Economically | empowered. | Empowered. | | | | |
| Sports | To Promote | Sports | Number of | 1 | 5,000,000 | 500,000 | CGL |
| Promotion | Sports | Promoted. | Sports | | | | |
| | Activities in | | Promoted. | | | | |
| | the County | | | | | | |

Table 29: Performance of Non-Capital Projects for 2020/21 FY

Payments of Grants, Benefits and Subsidies Table 30: Payments of Grants, Benefits and Subsidies

| Type of payment | Budgeted Amount (Ksh.) | Actual Amount paid (Ksh.) | Beneficiary | Remarks* |
|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Youth | 2,000,000 | 0 | Youths | The Groups to be granted were identified |
| Empowerment | | | | through a competitive process and the |
| | | | | cheques will be disbursed soon. |
| Women | 2,000,000 | 0 | Women | The Groups to be granted were identified |
| Empowerment | | | | through a competitive process and the |
| | | | | cheques will be disbursed soon. |
| PWD | 2,000,000 | 0 | PWDs | The Groups to be granted were identified |
| Empowerment | | | | through a competitive process and the |
| | | | | cheques will be disbursed soon. |

Table 31: Challenges, Lessons Learnt

| Challenges | Recommendations/Lessons Learnt |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Insecurity | Enhanced security |
| Slow Procurement process | Earlier preparations of procurement documents/more trainings |
| | on procurement |
| Limited institutional and technical | Capacity building of staffs |
| capacity | |
| Land disputes | Confirm land ownership before any construction. |
| Poor monitoring and evaluation | Improved monitoring and evaluation. |
| capacity Land disputes | Confirm land ownership before any construction. |

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| Low funding | Increased funds and also partnering with NGOs dealing with | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Community Empowerment | | | | |
| Transport/Logistics | Improved logistics by Purchasing more vehicles and Boats | | | | |
| Corona Virus Pandemic | Strict adherence to the Ministry of Health Guidelines and | | | | |
| | Protocols | | | | |

PUBLIC HEALTH

The Department of Public Health, Sanitation, Environment and Natural Resources is responsible for preventive and control health services in the County. It is also responsible for waste management outside the Municipality. General environmental management and climate change mitigation also fall under the department. Due to limited county financial resources and competing priorities for the County the department has been receiving little fund for development projects. The subsequent sections give the account of the achievements of the previous planned projects.

Sub-sector Achievements in the FY 2020/21

In the year 2020/21 the department had planned to construct 4 Public toilets in Bahari and Hongwe wards i.e. two toilets in each ward. The department had also planned to fence the Muhamarani damping site at Mkunumbi ward. However the projects didn't take off due to procurement issues. The projects are expected to be rolled over to FY2021/22. The tender documents for the projects had been prepared.

In the FY 2021/22 the priority of the department shall be execution of the aforementioned rolled over projects. In addition newly proposed projects includes; purchase of a new garbage tractor for Bahari ward, purchase of fumigation machines for disinfection and dis-insection and purchase of 4 motor vehicles for field public health officers.

Sub-sector Achievements in 2020/21 FY Table 32: Sub-sector Achievements

| Sub Programme | Key Outcomes/ | Key performance | Baseline | Planned | Achieved | Remarks* |
|------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------|----------|-----------------------|
| | Outputs | indicators | | Targets | Targets | |
| Planning, Monitoring | Annual work plans | County health sector | 0 | 1 | 1 | A joint health sector |
| and Evaluation | prepared | annual work plan | | | | plan was prepared |
| Enforcement | Improved regulatory | % of trade premises | 60 | 80 | 65 | Staff coverage is |
| | control of trade | inspected annually and | | | | low |
| | premises | licensed | | | | |
| Leadership and | County Environmental | No. County | 0 | 4 | 0 | County |
| Governance | Committee meetings | Environmental | | | | Environment |
| | held | Committee meetings | | | | Committee not |
| | | held | | | | gazette |
| Health promotion | School health clubs | No. of active school | 40 | 50 | 50 | Low facilitation |
| | strengthened | health clubs | | | | |
| | School children | % of school going | 87.56 | 100 | 0 | Affected by |
| | protected from STH | children dewormed at | | | | COVID 19 |
| | | least once a year | | | | |
| | Increased awareness | % Households reached | 30 | 45 | 45% | Strengthening of |
| | | with health promotion | | | | CHS supported by |
| | | messages | | | | Afya Uzazi Salama |
| ~ | | | 10 | 10 | 1.0 | Program |
| Community health | Increased demand for | No. of new community | 10 | 10 | 10 | UHC program |
| services | health services | units established | 10 | 10 | 22 | |
| | Increased community | No. of health dialogue | 10 | 42 | 32 | Poor monitoring |
| | participation in health | and action days held | | | | system |
| | programmes | | 10 | | 20 | T 1 0 1 1 1 |
| Control of vectors and | Reduced burden of | % of boarding schools, | 40 | 60 | 20 | Lack of initiative |
| vermin | vectors of public health | health institutions and | | | | from schools |
| | importance | markets sprayed with | | | | |
| | | insecticides at least | | | | |
| | | biannually | | | | |

| Sub Programme | Key Outcomes/ Outputs | Key performance indicators | Baseline | Planned Targets | Achieved Targets | Remarks* |
|------------------------|--|---|----------|--------------------|---------------------|---|
| Sanitation and Hygiene | Latrine coverage increased | % Latrine coverage | 67 | 70 | 70 | |
| | Villages declared ODF | No. of villages declared ODF | 0 | 3 | 0 | Poor follow-up and lack of certification agency in the area |
| | Improved access to sanitation facilities | No. public toilets constructed | 0 | 4 | 0 | Delayed procurement process |
| | Improved hand washing practices | No. of institutions with adequate hand washing facilities | 15 | 25 | 25 | COVID-19 campaign |
| | Improved water safety | No. of water samples analyzed | 24 | 100 | 36 | Logistical challenges |
| Waste Management | Waste collected and properly disposed | Daily tonnage of waste disposed | 4 | 5 | 5 | |
| | Proper waste management | No. of new dump sites secured | 0 | 2 | 0 | Delayed procurement process |
| | Proper disposal of medical waste | % of health facilities with incinerators | - | 40 | 15 | |

| Project Name/ | Objective | Output | Performance | Status | Planned | Actual | Source |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|--------|-----------|---------|----------|
| Location | | | Indicators | | Cost | Cost | of funds |
| Construction of | Improve | Public | No. of public | 0 | 2,000,000 | Not | |
| public toilets at | public access | toilets | toilets | | .00 | awarded | CGL |
| Tewe centre and | to sanitation | constructed | constructed | | | | |
| Sikomani Primary | services | | | | | | |
| Construction of | Improve | Public | No. of public | 0 | | Not | |
| public toilets at | public access | toilets | toilets | | 2,000,000 | awarded | CGL |
| Sinambio town | to sanitation | constructed | constructed | | .00 | | |
| and Baraka town | services | | | | | | |
| Fencing of | Secure the | Dumping | No. of | 0 | | Not | |
| Dumping Site at | dumping area | site secured | disposal sites | | 2,000,000 | awarded | CGL |
| Muhamarani | | | fenced | | .00 | | |

Table 33: Performance of Non-Capital Projects for 2020/21 FY

Challenges, experienced during the Implementation of 2020/21 ADP

The procurement process has been very slow despite early preparation of the procurement plans by the department. A simple purchase of common items like stationery takes an average of six months to procure. Delayed procurement and payment process hampers service delivery. The Procurement process requires close follow up by the respective department. Poor follow up exacerbate the delayed procurement and subsequent execution of the planned projects for the year.

In addition late preparation of the supplementary budgets severe the implementation of rolled over projects or any proposed changes in the development projects. Lastly poor access to funds hampers timely implementation of projects and service delivery in general. Monthly requisition of funds limits access to funds and affects the projects and programs implementation schedules.

Lessons Learnt and Recommendations

There is need to fast track procurement and payment process for projects and services rendered by the County. Decentralization of the procurement and finance functions to departmental level might help to improve the procurement and financial processes. Appointment of Chief Officer of Public Health and Director of Public Health will increase on the focus and follow up of the departmental programs and projects deliverables.

Supplementary budget should be done in good time to include rolled over projects and encompass any changes in the development budget. Provide County Imprest funds to avoid inconveniences by the traditional monthly funds requisitions.

DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES

The fisheries subsector focus is on improvement of service delivery and enhancement of fisheries production and productivity. To achieve this, the department has identified key programs namely, fisheries development services and general Administration, planning and support services as integral drivers in actualizing the department's vision and objectives. Among other cross-cutting issues, the department has identified degradation of terrestrial, arable land and aquatic habitats, and social impacts on local communities as paramount concerns that require a concerted and deliberate effort in trying to mitigate adverse impacts likely to be realized in the process of implementing various programmes and projects.

| Project | Description | Estimated | Source | Time | Performance | Targets | Status | Implementing |
|--|--|-------------|--------|---------------|--|--------------------------|--------------|---|
| name | of activities | cost (Ksh.) | of | frame | indicators | Targets | Diatus | Agency |
| Location | of activities | | funds | manie | mulcators | | | ngeney |
| Construction of fishing camps | Construction of fish landing Bandas | 4,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 2023 | Number of fish landing Bandas constructed | Mngiini and Shella | On- going | Department of Fisheries Development |
| Purchase of fishing gears and equipment (Supplies for production) | Fishermen countywide to be issued with fishing gears (gillnets, fishing lines,Fish finders & accessories) | 20,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 2023 | Number / percentage of fishermen benefitting from the fishing gears issued Number of fishing gears issued to fishermen in Lamu County. | 40 BMUs (Countywide) | On- going | Department of Fisheries Development |
| Procurement of outboard engines (Purchase of specialized plant) | Purchase of 60 outboard engines | 20,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 2023 | Number of outboard engines purchased Number of fishermen issued with the outboard engines | Fishermen, countywide | On- going | Department of Fisheries Development |
| Procurement of cooler boxes | Purchase of 25 cooler boxes | 1,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 2023 | Number of fishers supplied with cooler boxes | Fishermen, Countywide | On- going | Department of Fisheries Development |

Table 34: Capital projects for the 2022/2023 FY

| | | | | | Number of | | | |
|---------------|--------------|-----------|-----|-------|---------------|---------------|-------|---------------|
| | | | | | cooler boxes | | | |
| | | | | | purchased | | | |
| Solar lit | Purchase of | 2,000,000 | CGL | 2022- | Number of | Fish traders, | On- | Department of |
| mama | 20 deep | | | 2023 | fish traders | Countywide | going | Fisheries |
| karanga | freezers for | | | | supplied with | | | Development |
| display table | fish traders | | | | deep freezers | | | |
| | | | | | Number of | | | |
| | | | | | deep freezers | | | |
| | | | | | purchased | | | |

INFRASTRUCTURE

The major achievements for the department of Infrastructure & Energy in the F/Y 2020/2021 include the

following:

- 1) Opening of new unclassified roads through heavy bush clearing, removing stubs, spread and compacted surface with light grade marram.
- 2) Routine maintenance of all-weather roads through gravelling, light/heavy grading, bush clearing, spot improvement, construction of box culverts through RMLF.
- 3) Paving Lamu Island streets with concrete.
- 4) Paving of Matondoni and Mpeketoni market with Cabro.
- 5) Routine maintenance of public streetlights Countywide.
- 6) Rehabilitation of Shella Jetty.
- 7) Provision of technical assistance to all departments by providing timely working architectural / structural designs, construction estimates and undertaking overall supervision to ensure projects are supervised effectively.
- 8) The absorption rate increased as most of projects were 100% completed.

Challenges Faced by Department

- Inadequate personnel to undertake preliminary preparation of working drawings, Bill of Quantities, taking part in technical evaluation of all County projects and project management.
- Some projects such as purchase and installation of streetlights in various wards was not undertaken due to Covid -19 pandemic that constrained the contractor (KPLC) from receiving their consignment on time and also the logistics to reach East Constituency was a challenge as the County has not invested much in sea transport where heavy construction materials can be ferried at once.
- Delay in procurement of projects, the capacity of Procurement department is insufficient to handle all departments at same time thereby delaying award of projects within stipulated timeframe.

Strategic Objectives of Infrastructure & Energy Department

The sector goal is to connect communities to economic opportunities through improved infrastructure and strengthen development to spur economic development. The core objectives of Infrastructure and Energy department as drawn from both legal and government administrative instruments include but not limited to the following:

Strategic Issue 1: Coverage and distribution of Energy

- i. Strategic Intervention 1: Promote use of green energy, affordable and reliable energy mainly solar in areas with low population density and off grid zones.
- ii. Strategic Intervention 2: Increase allocation of resources to Energy Sector.
- iii. Strategic Intervention 3: Explore possibility of green energy potential to the off-grid areas within the County through PPP and KOSAP Project.

Strategic Issue 2: Road networks

- i. Strategic Intervention 1: Collaborate/ lobby the national roads agencies to identify and prioritize maintenance of classified roads in the County.
- ii. Strategic Intervention 2: Increase County allocation budget for roads, bridges, seawalls and drainage maintenance to improve accessibility.
- iii. Strategic Intervention 3: Collaborate with KURA and KERA to upgrade road network in the County to bitumen standards.

| Sub Programme | Key Outcomes/ | Key performance indicators | Planned | Achieved |
|--------------------|---|--------------------------------|---------|----------|
| | outputs | | Targets | Targets |
| Administration and | Improved public service | Percentage of staff with | 100% | 40% |
| Planning | delivery and customer care | Increased knowledge of staff | | |
| | - | on customer care. | | |
| Human Resource | Improved service | Percentage increase of skilled | 100% | 40% |
| development. | accessibility | staff and efficiency for | | |
| 1 | , i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | residents accessing services | | |
| Operations & | Quality project delivery, | Percentage of projects | 100% | 85% |
| Services | co-ordination & | cordially implemented | | |
| | implementation | | | |
| Planning for Roads | Come up with County | No. of road masterplans | 2 | 1 |
| development | roads masterplans | prepared | | |
| Routine | Routine maintenance and | No. of roads maintained | 16 | 14 |
| Maintenance & | opening of new roads | No. of new roads opened | | |
| opening of new | | - | | |
| roads across the | | | | |
| County | | | | |
| Civil works | Construction of Box | No. of Box Culverts | 2 | 2 |
| | Culverts | constructed and maintained | | |
| | Rehabilitation of Jetties | No. of Jetties /seawalls | 2 | 1 |
| | and construction of | constructed and maintained | | |
| | seawalls | | | |

Table 35: Summary of Departmental Programmes

| Sub Programme | Key Outcomes | Key performanc e indicators | Baseli ne | Planne d Target s | Achieved Targets | Remarks |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Purchase & installation of public Streetlights | Installatio n of streetlights | No. of streetlights installed | 1628 | 193 | 193 | Due to Covid- 19 pandemic the contractor KPLC was not able to undertake phase 3 of the purchase and installation of streetlights due to restrictions given by the |

| | | | | | government and globally there were no consignments of goods to our Port thereby delaying the project |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|------|------|------|--|
| Streetlights maintenance | No. of streetlights maintained | 1800 | 1000 | 1000 | implementation timelines. KPLC does continuous and periodic maintenance of all streetlights as part of the signed maintenance contract |

Analysis of Capital and Non-Capital projects of the Previous ADP Table 36: Performance of Capital Projects for the previous year

| Project | Objective/ | Output | Performanc | Status | Planned | Actual | Sourc |
|--------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|----------|---------------|----------------------|-------|
| Name/ | Purpose | · · I · · · | e Indicators | | Cost | Cost | e of |
| Location | • | | | | (Ksh.) | (Ksh.) | funds |
| Routine | To maintain | Routine | No. of access | Project | 3,000,000 | 2,976,95 | KRB |
| Maintenance | and | maintenan | roads to be | complet | | 0.40 | |
| of A7 | rehabilitate | ce of roads | maintained | ed 100% | | | |
| Junction - | road | | | | | | |
| Mokowe | network | | | | | | |
| Routine | Improved | Maintenan | No. & Kms | Project | 6,000,000 | 5,962,64 | KRB |
| Maintenance | road | ce of road | of access | complet | | 2.77 | |
| of A7 | network | | roads | ed 100% | | | |
| Junction- | | | maintained | | | | |
| Nairobi Road | | | | | | | |
| Routine | Improved | Maintenan | No. & Kms | 100 % | 6,000,000 | 5,940,54 | KRB |
| maintenance | road | ce of road | of access | complet | | 9.12 | |
| of Hindi – | network and | | roads | ed | | | |
| Magogoni | accessibility | | maintained | | | | |
| road | | | | | | | |
| Routine | Improved | Maintenan | No.& Kms of | Project | 6,000,000 | 5,980,68 | KRB |
| maintenance | road | ce of road | access roads | complet | | 2.25 | |
| of Moa | network & | | to be opened | ed 100% | | | |
| Chalaluma | accessibility | | | | | | |
| Routine | Improved | Maintenan | No.& Kms of | Project | 8,000,000 | 7,941,66 | KBR |
| maintenance | road | ce of road | access roads | complet | | 1.80 | |
| of Kiangwe | network & | | maintained | ed 100% | | | |
| Basuba road | accessibility | | | | 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 | a a a a a a a | |
| Routine | Improved | Maintenan | No.& Kms of | | 4,000,000 | 3,998,81 | KRB |
| maintenance | road | ce of road | access roads | complet | | 2.20 | |
| of Mpeketoni | network & | | maintained | ed 100% | | | |
| Bahari road | accessibility | | | . | 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 2 01 | |
| Routine | Improved | Maintenan | No.& Kms of | Project | 4,000,000 | 394 | KRB |
| maintenance | road | ce of roads | access roads | complet | | | |
| of Mpeketoni | network & | | maintained | ed100% | | | |
| Ndambwe | accessibility | | | | | | |

| Routine | Improved | Routine | No.& Kms of | Project | 5,864,936 | 5,415,04 | RMLF |
|-------------|----------|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------|----------|-------|
| maintenance | road | maintenan | roads | complet | .80 | 5.600 | (KRB) |
| of Nyongoro | network | ce of roads | maintained | ed 100% | | | |
| Chalaluma | | | | | | | |
| road - Witu | | | | | | | |

Table 37: Performance of Capital Projects for the previous year

| Project Name/ | Objective / | Output | Performanc | Status | Planned | Actual Cost | Source |
|---|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|--|---------------|
| Location | Purpose | | e Indicators | | Cost (Ksh.) | (Ksh.) | of funds |
| Routine maintenance of Maisha Masha road -Witu | Improved road network | Routine maintenan ce of roads | No.& Kms of roads maintained | Project complete d 100% | 8,086,66 1.60 | 7,498,623.6 0 | RMLF (KRB) |
| Routine maintenance of A7 Junction Sinambio road Hongwe | Improved road network | Routine maintenan ce of roads | No.& Kms of roads maintained | Project complete d 100% | 8,745,65 3.93 | 8,755,580.2 4 | RMLF (KRB) |
| Routine maintenance of Majembeni Sinambio 1 road - Hongwe | Improved road network | Routine maintenan ce of roads | No.& Kms of roads maintained | Project complete d 100% | 9,844,83 8.80 | 9,783,594 | RMLF (KRB) |
| Routine maintenance of Majembeni Sinambio 2 road - Hongwe | Improved road network | Routine maintenan ce of roads | No.& Kms of roads maintained | Project complete d 100% | 7,930,92 0 | 7,323,223.2 0 | RMLF (KRB) |
| Routine maintenance of Mpeketoni Ndambwe road - Mkunumbi | Improved road network | Routine maintenan ce of roads | No.& Kms of roads maintained | Project complete d 100% | 8,426,41 6.32 | 8,399,355 | RMLF (KRB) |
| Routine maintenance of Ndambwe Bangure road - Mkunumbi | Improved road network | Routine maintenan ce of roads | No.& Kms of roads maintained | Project complete d 100% | 3,637,36 5.60 | No payment done project never started since there was no responsive bidder | RMLF (KRB) |
| Routine maintenance of Mpeketoni Bahari | Improved road network | Routine maintenan ce of roads | No.& Kms of roads maintained | Project complete d 100% | 5,92622 0.76 | 6,151,896 | RMLF (KRB) |

| Routine maintenance of A7 Junction Mokowe road - | Improved road network | Routine maintenan ce of roads | No.& Kms of roads maintained | Project complete d 100% | 8,479,65 9.76 | 8,461,216 | RMLF (KRB) |
|--|--|--|---|-------------------------------|------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| Hindi Routine maintenance of Lamu 3 road - Mkomani | Improved road network | Routine maintenan ce of roads | No.& Kms of roads maintained | 0% | | 7,781,925. No payment done since project never commenced due to availability of materials and transport logistics. | RMLF (KRB) |
| Routine maintenance of Kiangwe Basuba | Improved road network | Routine maintenan ce of roads | No.& Kms of roads maintained | Project complete d 100% | 7,246,04 | 7,246,044 | RMLF (KRB) |
| Routine maintenance of Kiangwe Basuba | Improved road network | Routine maintenan ce of roads | No.& Kms of roads maintained | Project complete d 100% | 11,950,2 36 | 11,950,236 | RMLF (KRB) |
| Cabro Pavement – Mkomani (Matondoni) | Improved road network | Constructi on of cabro pavements | No.& Kms of roads paved | 0% | 6,716,71 8.72 | No payment done project never started due to availability of materials | County develo pment vote |
| Lamu Island concrete pavement | Improved road network | Constructi on of cabro pavements | No.& Kms of roads paved | 20% | 38,000,0 00 | 4,985,961 | County develo pment vote |
| Construction of Siyu seawall - Faza | Protection from sea water erosion | Constructi on of seawall | No.& Kms of seawall constructed | 0% | 10,000,0 00 | No payment done project never started – rollover project to F/Y 2020 - 2021 | County develo pment vote |
| Purchase & of | Provision and maintenanc | Installation of streetlights | No. of towns & villages installed | 0% | 37,928,1 65 | No payment done project never | County develo |

| solar streetlights – County ward | e of public streetlightin | | started – rollover | pment vote |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---------------|
| - | g | | project to F/Y 2020 - 2021 | |

Major Implementation Challenges

- Low funding levels
- Delays in funds disbursement
- Inadequate tools and equipment leading to low productivity
- Aging fleet causing inefficiencies due to increased frequency of breakdowns and high maintenance costs leading to inadequate provision of services.
- Inadequate of reliable means of transport for staff and tools to/from work sites leading to low productivity and inadequate supervision.
- Inadequate technical staff/skilled staff
- Lack of key personnel to support critical operation areas, the department which serves other sectors has no Directors
- The structure of the department is inadequate
- Human Resource and Capacity Building for staff of the Department
- Aging staff causing low productivity
- Lack of frequent and periodic training on emerging trends
- Work environment not conducive, most of staff in the department have no office space to work as a department
- There are no vehicles for project supervision, building inspection and development control

Recommendations

- Enhance budgetary allocation
- Replace and maintain equipment's and machineries
- Procure vehicles for the same
- Increase surveillance, development control unit, building inspectors and enforcement
- Enhance capacity and numbers of the current level of staffing appropriately e.g. professionals, firemen, technicians, etc.
- Come up with a clear succession plan
- Enhance frequent and periodic training on emerging trends
- Promote and/or re-designate all qualified staff appropriately to boost their morale and productivity. Propose acting allowance as a short-term measure
- Improve work environment and provide facilities

Lessons Learnt and Recommendations

1.Inadequate personnel to undertake preliminary preparation of drawings, building cost estimates, taking part in technical evaluation of all County projects and implementation of some major projects that require expertise such as mechanical and electrical works that the department lacks;

2.Some projects such as purchase and installation of streetlights in various wards was not undertaken due to Covid -19 pandemic that constrained the contractor (KPLC) from receiving their consignment on time and also the logistics to reach East Constituency was a challenge as the County has not invested much in sea transport where heavy construction materials can be ferried at one time;

3.Delay in procurement of projects, the capacity of Procurement department is insufficient to handle all departments at same time thereby delaying award of projects within stipulated timeframe;

4. The County had initiated the E – system of procuring goods and services, being a new system most of the staff and suppliers were not so much conversant on how the system work besides the network coverage in the County is not stable as compared to other Counties;

5.Several capital projects did not get responsive bidders due to challenges encountered by the Contractors during filling and uploading of mandatory documents as a result projects had to be re-advertised as we approach close of financial year;

6.Departmental operations and implementation of projects was affected by the Coronavirus epidemic where some Contractors were restricted by transport logistics and health regulations put in place by the Government through Ministry of Health and;

7. Insecurity especially along the Northern section of the County - Kiunga Ward.

Recommendations for improvement

Planning for recruitment of additional technical staff to speedy and deliver necessary documents on time;
Provision additional procurement staff with vast experience in capital development projects and as well increase the capacity of the Procurement sector;

•As a result of Covid- 19 pandemic it is important that the department adhere to Social distancing and observe guidelines published by the Ministry of Health in Departmental Operations so that work should not stop completely;

•Observation of rules and regulations provided by security agencies in the Country;

•Build capacity of personnel and invest on infrastructure equipment's and machineries that shall speed up works;

•Due to underfunding, the department should make request for secondment of the key technical staff from the state department of Public Works;

•Citizen participation in the planning and execution of projects and programs;

•Provide civic education on County Government projects;

•Empower employees at every level to provide county services with maximum effectiveness and efficiency;

•Develop employees to become leaders who promote ethics, innovation, service, accountability and peak performance;

•Implement policies and construction of Government buildings;

•Implement policies and guidelines in the maintenance and rehabilitation of Government buildings;

•Maintain and update an inventory of County Government buildings;

CHAPTER THREE

COUNTY ASSEMBLY OF LAMU

Vision

To be a responsive and accountable assembly that ensures provision of the optimal service delivery to the

people of Lamu.

Mission

Ensuring the provision of responsive, accountable and optimal service delivery to the people of Lamu

County.

Broad strategic priorities and objectives

The broad strategic priorities and objectives of the Lamu County Assembly (LCA) are as shown in the

following table.

| Programme | Broad strategic priorities and policy goals 2022/2023 |
|--|---|
| Administration, planning & support services. | To provide effective and efficient services to Lamu County Assembly to operate efficiently in performance of its core functions |
| Legislation, Representation & Oversight | To make laws which are necessary for effective performance of Lamu County Government and oversight services on executive's performance. |

Table 38: Broad Strategic Priorities and Objectives of the County Assembly of Lamu

Planned Programmes and Projects to be implemented in 2022/2023

The planned programmes and projects to be implemented by Lamu County Assembly are shown in the

following table

| U | - | Estimated cost(Ksh.) | | Performance indicators | Targets | | Implementing Agency |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-----|------------------------|
| Security wall for speaker's residence | BQ preparations and Construction | 10M | 2022/ 2023 | | 1 perimeter wall | New | CAL |

PUBLIC SERVICE MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

Vision

A leading sector in legislation, public policy formulation, coordination, supervision and prudent human resource management.

Mission

To provide overall leadership and policy direction in resource mobilization, management and accountability for quality public service delivery.

Broad strategic priorities and objectives

The broad strategic priorities and objectives of the county executive and public service management are as shown in Table 1.

| Table 37. Divau strategie | able 57: broad strategic priorities and objectives | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Programme | Broad strategic priorities and policy goals 2022/23 | | | | | |
| General Administration, | To plan and implement policies and Programmes that provides efficient | | | | | |
| Planning and Support | services to various county entities, bodies and members of the public and | | | | | |
| Services | to oversee the running of the various ministries and county entities | | | | | |
| Executive Services | To ensure effective and efficient running of the county affairs as provided | | | | | |
| | for by the constitution. | | | | | |

Table 39: Broad strategic priorities and objectives

Overall Goals

Effective and efficient service delivery to the residents of Lamu.

The Strategic Priorities of the Department.

This is tabulated below:

| No | Development needs | Priorities | Strategies |
|----|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 | Furnishing the New | To improve working | Procure ,purchase and furnish |
| | County Annex | condition | the new County Annex |
| 2 | Establishment of Village | To improve service | To Recruitment and establish |
| | Units | delivery at grass root level | village units |
| 3 | Operationalize and | Procure ,purchase and | Operationalize the Center |
| | Furnish the Completed | furnish the new County | Procure ,purchase and furnish |
| | Command Center | Annex | the Completed Command Center |
| 4 | Construction of Shela & | To improve working | To design, construct and |
| | Mkomani ward offices | condition | commission of office block |
| 5 | Construction of sub | To improve working | To design, construct and |
| | county headquarter | condition | commission of office block |
| | offices | | |

Table 40: Department Strategic Priorities

| Stakeholder | Department expectation from the stakeholders | Stakeholder expectations from the Department | Stakeholder role in ADP |
|---|--|--|---|
| National government | Increased budget allocation Provides policy direction, financial resources and technical support in the various sectors Funding Capacity building Legislation of laws that safeguard the interest of the County Policy direction Secondment of qualified personnel | Prudent use of resources | Facilitation in funding projects |
| County Assembly | Approval of ADP Oversight of ADP Passing of relevant bills Political goodwill Budgetary allocation | Prudent use of resources | Oversight |
| Other County governments | Collaboration on political and social economic Development across counties | Mutual corporation and implementation of bilateral agreements | Collaboration on political and social economic issues |
| NGOs and Civil Society | Support government development efforts and assist in provision of resources | Access to information and involvement in public participation on public matters | Support and capacity building |
| Development partners (e.g. USAID, UKaid, World Vision, UNDP, UNICEF, GIZ) | Liaison in formulation of sector policies Support sector development Programmes and projects Capacity building Create linkages with international donors | Complete implementation of Signed MOUs | Support and capacity building |

Capital and Non-Capital Projects Table 42: Capital Projects for the 2022/23 FY

| Table 42: Capital Projects for the 2022/25 F 1 | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-------------|----------|-----------|---------------|---------|--------|--------------|
| Project name | Description of | Estimated | Source | Time | Performance | Targets | Status | Implementing |
| Location | Activities | cost (Ksh.) | of funds | frame | indicators | | | Agency |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Furnishing the New | Procurement of | 16,000,000 | CGL | 2022/2023 | Number of | 1 | New | PSM/ Public |
| County Annex | furniture and | | | | office space | | | Works |
| | equipment | | | | furnished | | | |
| Construction of Shela | Preparation of | 14,000,000 | CGL | 2022/2023 | Number of | 2 1 | New | PSM |
| & mkomani ward | the BQ and | | | | ward offices | | | |
| offices | construction | | | | constructed | | | |
| | process | | | | | | | |
| Construction of sub | Preparation of | 20,000,000 | CGL | 2022/2023 | Number of | 2 0 | 0 | PSM |
| county headquarter | the BQ and | | | | Sub county | | | |
| offices | construction | | | | Headquarter | | | |
| | process | | | | offices | | | |
| | - | | | | constructed | | | |
| Operationalize and | Procure | 50,000,000 | CGL | 2022/2023 | Percentage of | 1 (| C | PSM/Public |
| Furnish the | ,purchase and | | | | operations at | | | Works |
| Completed Command | furnish the new | | | | the Center | | | |
| - | County Annex | | | | | | | |
| | Recruit/post | | | | | | | |
| | personnels | | | | | | | |

Table 43: Non-Capital Projects for the 2022/23 FY

| v | Activities | cost | | frame | Performance indicators | Targets | | Implementing Agency |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------|-----|-------|-------------------------------------|---------|---|------------------------|
| Establishment of Village Units | | 50,000,000 | CGL | | Number of village units established | 56 | - | PSM/Public Works |

Cross-sectoral Implementation Considerations

| Programme | Sectors | Cross-sector Impact | Cross-sector Adverse | Measures to Harness or |
|--------------|---------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Name | | (Synergies) | impact | Mitigate the Impact |
| General | All | Shared County vision | Some sectors are given | Need for establishment of |
| Administrati | sectors | & | more attention compared | County Planning Units to |
| on | | Development | to others in | coordinate the various |
| | | objectives | regard to resource | sectors to ensure strategic |
| | | | Allocation. | And optimal utilization of |
| | | | | resources. |
| County | All | Coordination and | This may lead | Adequate consultations of |
| executive | sectors | sharing of knowledge, | To underperformance of | various stakeholders during |
| | | expertise & | the neglected sectors | the preparation of County |
| | | equipment's among | | |
| | | the various sectors | | |
| Coordination | All | Coordination and | Incomplete | Adequate consultations of |
| & policy | sectors | sharing of knowledge, | implementation of | various stakeholders during |
| Formulation | | expertise & | projects/programs | the preparation of County |
| | | equipment's among | | |
| | | the various sectors | | |

Table 44: Cross-sectoral Implementation Considerations

AGRICULTURE

Vision

A food secure, wealthy and prosperous county

Mission

To promote and facilitate crop husbandry, crop pest and disease control, and agro-based industries

Overall Goals

To achieve food security, wealth and employment creation, and poverty reduction in Lamu County

The Strategic Priorities of the Department.

This is tabulated below:

| No | Development needs | Priorities | Strategies |
|----|---|---|--|
| 1 | Over reliance on rain fed agriculture | Irrigated agriculture at farm level | Establishment of small scale on farm irrigation projects |
| 2 | High cost of farm inputs | Avail subsidized certified farm inputs to farmers | Procure and distribute certified seeds, seedlings and cuttings to resource poor farmers |
| 3 | Pre and post – harvest loses | Minimize pre and post-harvest crop losses | Construct strategic grain storage facilities Procure and distribute pesticides against notifiable pests |
| 4 | Declining soilImprovesoilfertilityfertility | | Avail subsidized fertilizer to farmers Promote agro forest farming system Promote soil and water conservation management practices |
| 5 | Low adoption of agricultural technologies | Enhance the uptake of agricultural technologies and innovations' by farmers | Improve extension staff mobility Enhance /improve demonstration plots at the ATC Employ additional extension staff to replace retiring staff Establish County Agricultural show/trade fares |
| 6 | Inadequate access to markets | Enhancedmarketaccessibilityforagriculturalproducts | Enhance value addition of farm products Improve markets infrastructure |

Table 45: Sub-sector Strategic Priorities

Table 46: Stakeholders Analysis

| Stakeholders | Department expectation from | Stakeholder expectations | Stakeholder role in |
|--------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| | the stakeholders | from the Department | ADP |
| Lamu County | Political and financial Support | Prudent utilization of | Smooth delivery of |
| Government | | allocated funds for Socio- | devolved services |
| | | Economic prosperity | |

| Stakeholders | Department expectation from the stakeholders | Stakeholder expectations from the Department | Stakeholder role in ADP |
|--|---|---|--|
| Faith-based organizations | Community mobilization, distribution of farm inputs and relief food and dissemination of agricultural messages | Community Empowerment | Improvement of livelihoods |
| Public Benefits Organizations (e.g. Civil Society Organizations | Management and promotion of good governance through advocacy of the rights of the minority and farmers | Community Empowerment | Active involvement in public affairs |
| Farming community | Involved in agriculture Production | Active participation in agricultural activities | Production of sufficient food and other raw materials |
| Agriculture SACCOs | Mobilize savings among members | Financial empowerment of members | Improved accessibility to credit to finance inputs and capital investment |
| Financial Institutions | Provide customer friendly financial Services | Financial empowerment of members | Affordable financial services |
| Agro-dealers (Companies/ merchants) | Avail Quality agricultural inputs | Highly profitable inputs business | Supply of quality inputs on time |
| Processors | value addition and marketing of crops products | Process adequate supply of raw materials to add value, and pay promptly the supplies | Processing of crop produce at optimal capacity |
| National Cereal and Produce Board | Is for both strategic grain reserve (SGR) and commercial grain outlets | Provide adequate grain storage facilities for strategic reserve | Purchase of strategic grain stock from the locals |
| Lamu County Assembly | Legislative support | Economic empowerment | Development of laws that are responsive to farmers needs |
| Development partners (SIDA world Bank among others) | Provide necessary financial and technical support (partnerships and collaborations) | Smooth operation of donor supported programme | Improve livelihoods (socio-economic wellbeing) |
| Research institutions/ Universities | Promote technology development and Training | Increase linkage between research, extension and farmer | Adoption of new farming technologies |
| Media | Disseminate Information | To inform, educate and get feedback on the disseminated information | Availability of relevant agricultural information |

Capital and Non-Capital Projects Table 47: Capital Projects for the 2022/23 FY

| | Description of | | Source of | Time | Performanc | Targets | Status | Implement |
|--------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|----------------|--------|-------------|
| v | - | | | frame | e indicators | largets | | ing Agency |
| | | 38,000,000 | CGL | 2021/22 | Quantity of | Maize, | New | Department |
| of certified | and distribution | | | | certified | cowpeas, | | of |
| seeds | | | | | seeds | green grams, | | Agriculture |
| | | | | | procured & | hybrid cotton | l | |
| | | | | | distributed | seeds, coconut | - | |
| | | | | | | seedlings and | - | |
| | | | | | | grafted | | |
| | | | | | | cashewnut | | |
| | | | | | | seedlings | | |
| | Enhancement of | 27,382,997 | SIDA, | 2021/22 | | 3 value chains | | Department |
| | entrepreneurial | | CGL& | | value chains | | going | of |
| county | skills of actor in | | NG | | implemented | | | Agriculture |
| | 3 value chains | | | | | | | |
| Witu, | Supporting | 177,000,000 | | 2021/22 | Number of | | New | Department |
| Hongwe, | value chain | | Bank, | | private | chains | | of |
| , | actors in the 3 | | CGL | | extension | | | Agriculture |
| U | value chains | | | | Service | | | |
| & Hindi | | | | | funded | | | |
| | | | | | Number of | 2 | | |
| | | | | | marketing | .5 | New | |
| | | | | | groups | | INCW | |
| | | | | | funded to | | | |
| | | | | | build their | | | |
| | | | | | capacity | | | |
| | | | | | cupacity | | | |
| | | | | | Number of | 160 | New | |
| | | | | | micro- | | | |
| | | | | | projects | | | |
| | | | | | funded | | | |
| ATC, | Advertise and | 15,000,000 | LCG | 2022/2023 | Number of | 1 | New | Department |
| Mpeketoni | award tender | | | | buildings | | | of |
| | | | | | renovated | | | Agriculture |
| Witu, Hongwe | Advertising and | 60,000,000 | KCSAP | 2022/23 | Number of | 3 plants | New | Department |
| and Hindi | Awarding | | | | Processing | | | of |
| | tender | | | | | | | Agriculture |

| Project | Description of | Estimated | Source | Time | Performance | Targets | Status | Implement |
|--------------|---------------------------|-------------|--------|--------|----------------|----------|--------|--------------|
| name | Activities | cost (Ksh.) | of | frame | indicators | _ | | ing Agency |
| | | | funds | | | | | |
| Purchase of | 1.0. Recruit farmers for | 35,000,000 | CGL | 2022/2 | Quantity of | 130 ton | On | Department |
| certified | seeds | | | 3 | seeds | (maize, | going | of |
| crop seeds | 2.0. Train farmers on | | | | purchased | cowpeas | | Agriculture |
| | crop husbandry | | | | Types of seeds | , green | | & Irrigation |
| | 3.0. Raise LPO | | | | purchased | grams, | | |
| | 4.0. Distribute seeds to | | | | Number of | nerika | | |
| | farmers targeted | | | | farmers | rice, | | |
| | 5.0. Write report on | | | | reached | sorghu | | |
| | achievement | | | | | m and | | |
| | | | | | | cotton | | |
| Purchase | 1.0. Recruit farmers for | 2,000,000 | CGL | 2022/2 | Number of | / | | Department |
| and | seeds | | | 3 | | from the | | of |
| distribution | 2.0. Train farmers on | | | | seedlings | whole | | Agriculture |
| coconut | crop husbandry | | | | - | county | | & Irrigation |
| seedlings | 3.0. Raise LPO | | | | distributed | | | |
| | 4.0. Distribute seedlings | | | | | | | |
| | to farmers targeted | | | | | | | |
| | 5.0. Write report on | | | | | | | |
| | achievement | | | | | | _ | _ |
| Purchase | 1.0. Recruit farmers for | 1,000,000 | CGL | 2022/2 | Number of | / | On | Department |
| and | seeds | | | 3 | grafted cashew | | | of |
| | 2.0.Train farmers on | | | | 0 | whole | | Agriculture |
| grafted | crop husbandry | | | | - | county | | & Irrigation |
| | 3.0. Raise LPO | | | | distributed | | | |
| seedlings | 4.0. Distribute seedlings | | | | | | | |
| | to farmers targeted | | | | | | | |
| | 5.0. Write report on | | | | | | | |
| | achievement | | | | | | | |

Table 48: Non-Capital Projects for the 2022/23 FY

Cross-sectoral Implementation Considerations Table 49: Cross-sectoral Implementation Considerations

| | Table 47. Cross-sectoral implementation Considerations | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Programme | Sectors/ | Cross-sector Impact | Cross-sector Adverse | Measures to Harness | | | | | |
| Name | Sub-sectors | (Synergies) | impact | or Mitigate the Impact | | | | | |
| Extension | Agriculture | • Access to credit | • Changes in interest | • Adherence to | | | | | |
| Advisory | rural and | facilities enhance | rates leading to | banking act | | | | | |
| Services | urban | investment in | high default rates | • Improve financial | | | | | |
| | development | agriculture | • Diversion of | knowledge of the | | | | | |
| | | • Involvement of | agricultural credit | beneficiaries and | | | | | |
| | | youths and women in | to none productive | offer more credit in | | | | | |
| | | | engagements | kind. | | | | | |

| Programme Name | Sectors/ Sub-sectors | Cross-sector Impact (Synergies) | Cross-sector Adverse impact | Measures to Harness or Mitigate the Impact |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| | | agriculture enhances crop production. Collaboration with other stakeholders improves extension service delivery | • Lack of institutionalized sector coordination leads to duplication of efforts. | • Strengthen and formalize sector coordination institutions. |
| Crop Production and Productivity Improvement | Agriculture rural and urban development | Free hold land ownership enhances investment in agriculture Improved access to water for irrigation of food crops and tree nursery establishment Availability of agro- dealers improves access to farm inputs Private tractor operators complement opening up of more land. Improved forestry services enhances establishment of agro- forests | Lack of title deeds outside of the settlement schemes leads to low investment in farming and land degradation. Laxity in enforcement of wildlife control leads to overwhelming demand for crop compensation Failure to embrace the carbon trading concept leads to low investment in farm forestry. Dependency on rain-fed agriculture leads to food shortage | Fast-track issuance of title deeds Enhance funding to the national wildlife conservation and compensation committee. Increase knowledge and awareness on carbon trading Establishment of onfarm irrigation |
| Value addition and marketing | Agriculture rural and urban development | Improved rural infrastructure enhances market access and farm incomes Functional cooperatives enhance access to markets Availability of different affordable media improves dissemination of agricultural information to value chain actors. | Low on-farm processing capacity leading to selling of raw produce at depressed prices. Exploitation of farmers by middlemen | processing activities |

| Programme Name | Sectors/ Sub-sectors | Cross-sector (Synergies) | Impact | Cross-sector Adverse impact | Measures to Harness or Mitigate the Impact |
|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|---|
| | | | | Processing | |
| | | | | equipment | |
| | | | | unavailable locally | |

Payments of Grants, Benefits and Subsidies

| Type of payment | Amount (Ksh.) | Beneficiary | Purpose |
|--|---------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| Grants to farmer, livestock and fisher folk groups | 177,000,000 | 0 1 | To mitigate climate change risks |

DEPARTMENT OF WATER

Vision

Accessible portable water within the shortest reachable distance in Lamu County.

Mission

To facilitate optimal use of available water resources; meet the county portable water requirement.

Goal

To provide reliable and adequate supply of portable water to the residents Lamu County

Broad Strategic Priorities and Objectives

- Strengthening institutional capacity
- Creating enabling environment for Water services and development
- Improving and increasing water production to meet water demand in the county.
- Mainstreaming water facilities for better water service to the people of Lamu county.

Sub-sector key stakeholders

The department will work in collaboration with other stakeholders including private sector, civil society, professionals and other key stakeholders in the sector. The key stakeholders in the sub-sector, their respective roles, what the stakeholders' expectations are, and what the public expects from them are as analyzed in the table below

| Stakeholders | Roles/ responsibilities | Stakeholders Expectations | Public Expectation |
|------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Lamu County Government | Political and financial Support | Prudent utilization of allocated funds for Socio- Economic prosperity | Smooth delivery of devolved services |
| Faith-based organizations | Community mobilization, conserving of water sources and aquifer and safe ground water utilities | Community Empowerment | Improvement of water services and livelihood. |
| Water SACCOs | Mobilize savings among members | Financial empowerment of members | Improved accessibility to credit to finance inputs and capital investment |
| Financial Institutions | Provide customer friendly financial Services | Financial empowerment of members | Affordable financial services |
| Lamu County Assembly | Legislative support | Economic empowerment | Development of laws that are responsive to water needs |
| Development partners | Provide necessary financial and technical support (partnerships and collaborations) | Smooth operation of donor supported programme | Improve livelihoods (socio-economic wellbeing) |

Table 50: Stakeholder Analysis

| Stakeholders | Roles/ responsibilities | Stakeholders | Public Expectation |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Expectations | |
| Techical | Promote technology | Train and technical | Adoption of new water |
| institutions/ | development and | | technologies |
| Universities | Training | | |
| Media | Disseminate | To inform, educate and | Availability of relevant |
| | Information | get feedback on the | water information |
| | | disseminated information | |
| Water Institutions | Develop water management, | Smooth coordination of | Improve water services |
| | regulation, guidance and | programmes in the sector | - |
| | conservation of water sources | | |

Capital and Non-Capital Projects Table 51: Summary of the Capital projects for the 2022/2023 FY

| Project Name | Location | Description of activities | Estimated Cost (Ksh.) | Source of funds | Time frame | Performance indicators | Targets | Status | Implementing agency |
|--|----------|--|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|---------|--------|-----------------------------|
| L.Amu manyatta pipeline extension 2.5kmx63mm @1250/m & kiosk | Bahari | pipeline extension | 4M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Swahili settlement water supply swabaha kijiweni 3.0km x63mm@1250/m & 2 kiosk | Bahari | water supply kiosk | 5M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| TEWE Centre water booster station – Elevated 50 cum steel tank with sump | Bahari | Elevated 50 cum steel tank with sump | 10M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Tewe center water pipeline distribution 4km x63mm@1250/m | Bahari | pipeline distribution | 5M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Kiongwe mjini water pipeline distribution system 2km@1250/m | Bahari | pipeline distribution | 3M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Kilimani pipeline extension 3kmx90mm@1560/m | Bahari | pipeline extension | 5M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Umoja pipeline extension 5kmx63mm@1250/m | Bahari | pipeline extension | 6М | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Baharini town pipeline extension 1.5kmx63mm@1250/m | Bahari | pipeline extension | 2M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Lakeside Pipeline extension -5km | Bahari | pipeline extension | 5M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Ziwani Pipeline extension -5km | Bahari | pipeline extension | 5M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |

| Project Name | Location | Description of activities | Estimated Cost (Ksh.) | Source of funds | Time frame | Performance indicators | Targets | Status | Implementing agency |
|---|--------------|---|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|---------|--------|-----------------------------|
| Ngoi Pipeline extension -5km | Bahari | pipeline extension | 5M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Mulei Msikitini Pipeline extension -5km | Bahari | pipeline extension | 5M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Public utilities water connections | Bahari | Connection of public utilities | 20M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Tandeo kiosk water pipeline extension 3kmx63mm@1250 /m with kiosk | Bahari | pipeline extension | 4M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Improvement of Lakwa water works | Bahari | Desilting and Renovation of water works | 36M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Mkunumbi 3 No Manyatta water supply extension 1kmx63mm@1250/m | Mkunumb i | pipeline extension | 2M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Ndae village water supply extenson 1kmx63mm@1250/m | Mkunumb i | pipeline extension | 1M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Tabasamu –bahati kalale water supply extension 4km x63mm@1250/m | Mkunumb i | pipeline extension | 5M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Construction of water kiosk commercial setting 8 No with 2cum tank@600000/unit | Mkunumb i | Construction of 8 water kiosk | 5M | CGL | 1 year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Koreni water booster station 50 cubic meter capacity solar power pumps | Mkunumb i | Erecting water booster station | 10M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |

| Project Name | Location | Description of activities | Estimated Cost (Ksh.) | Source of funds | Time frame | Performance indicators | Targets | Status | Implementing agency |
|---|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|---------|--------|-----------------------------|
| Majembeni market water supply pipeline expansion 5kmx90mm@1560/m & kiosk | Mkunumb i | water supply pipeline expansion | 10M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Mandani –Mwangaza pipeline extension 4kmx 50mm kiosk water @926/m with kiosk | Hongwe | pipeline extension | 4M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Msefuni Water pipeline and water kiosk relocation 2km x63mm@1250/m | Hongwe | | 3M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Hongwe Reticulation System Phase II | Hongwe | | 5M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Sinambio Town Reticulation System | Hongwe | | 5M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Mugumoni Pipeline Extension | Hongwe | pipeline extension | 3M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Kibaoni Reticulation System Phase II 5KM | Hongwe | | 5M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Mini Valley Household Water Connection 4KM | Hongwe | | 4M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Heshima Pipeline Extension 5KM | Hongwe | pipeline extension | 5M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Miruji-Rumshi 8KM | Hongwe | pipeline extension | 8M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |

| Project Name | Location | Description of activities | Estimated Cost (Ksh.) | Source of funds | Time frame | Performance indicators | Targets | Status | Implementing agency |
|---|----------|------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|---------|--------|-----------------------------|
| Zebra Extension 3KM | Hongwe | pipeline extension | 3M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Miruji- Pobwe Phase II | Hongwe | pipeline extension | 3M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Hongwe 8No. Borehole Construction | Hongwe | Construction of Borehole | 8M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Bahari / Hongwe Land Acquisition 10KM | Hongwe | Purchase of land | 20M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Mkunguni to Kilimani Pipeline extension(5KM). | Hindi | pipeline extension | 5M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Shemgamdo Pipeline extension. | Hindi | pipeline extension | 5M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Ungu/Mtepe extension (5KM). | Hindi | pipeline extension | 5M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Hindi town reticulation (10KM). | Hindi | System reticulation | 10M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Safirisi reticulation system (8KM). | Hindi | System reticulation | 8M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Kauthera reticulation system (5KM). | Hindi | System reticulation | 5M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Demarcation and Mapping of catchment areas. | Hindi | | 10M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Improvement of HIMWA Water Works. | Hindi | Improvement Works. | 20M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |

| Project Name | Location | Description of activities | Estimated Cost (Ksh.) | Source of funds | Time frame | Performance indicators | Targets | Status | Implementing agency |
|---|----------|--|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|---------|--------|-----------------------------|
| Uprating/Power supply of WIWA well fields | Witu | Power supply uprating | 4M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Pipeline Relocation of Chalaluma & Didewaride pipeline (9KM). | Witu | Relocation of pipeline | 8M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Pandanguo water project 15 KM, sump tank, elevated tank, solar pumping set and Security home. | Witu | Set up sump tank, elevated tank, solar pumping set and Security home. | 18M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Rehabilitation of WIWA Reticulation system. | Witu | System reticulation | 14M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Pipeline extension Vipingoni Chiva to Nyongoro. | Witu | pipeline extension | 9M | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |
| Pipeline extension to Kona baya (5KM). | Witu | pipeline extension | 6М | CGL | 1year | Percentage of completion rate | 100% | New | Water department/LAWASCO |

LAND, PHYSICAL PLANNING & URBAN DEVELOPMENT

The Department of Lands & Physical Planning is focused on providing efficient and accountable management of the land sector issues, provide governance mechanism for engagement of the residents in planning and development, undertake land survey and regularization to enhance security of tenure.

The Department will implement projects during the 2022/2023 financial year under Physical Planning and Land Administration programmes. Some of the challenges to be experienced during the period under review include delays in procurement process and allocation of funds for implementation. The Department will strive to implement the Lands programmes as indicated in the Approved CIDP 2018-2022 subject to allocation of resources.

Vision

To be a leading county in excellent land use planning, management and efficient access to affordable housing for sustainable development of Lamu County.

Mission

To improve livelihoods of residents through proper land use planning, sustainable use of natural resources and provision of decent housing for all.

Mandate

To formulate and implement County land policy, undertake physical planning, undertake land surveys and mapping and urban development.

Core functions

- 1. Preparation of urban and rural plans
- 2. Development control and compliance
- 3. Survey and mapping
- 4. Policy formulation and research.
- 5. Acquisition of titles for Government properties and plots.
- 6. Urban development.

Goal

To achieve food security, wealth and employment creation, and poverty reduction in Lamu County

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Programme | Broad strategic priorities and policy goals | | | | | | | |
| Administration, Planning and Monitoring & | To provide efficient and effective support services for delivery of Department's programmes | | | | | | | |
| Evaluation | | | | | | | | |

Table 52:Broad based priorities

| Land Management | To ensure efficient and effective administration and management of Land Resources. |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Housing and urb Development | n To facilitate the production of decent and affordable housing as well as enhanced estates management services and tenancy relations and also to improve infrastructure development, connectivity and accessibility, safety and security within Urban Areas |

The Strategic Priorities of the Department/

This is tabulated below:

Table 53: Department Strategic Priorities

| Development | Priorities | Strategies | | |
|----------------|---|----------------------------------|--|--|
| needs | | | | |
| -Put all land | - Preparation of spatial urban development plans to | -Optimum utilization of land | | |
| to sustainable | guide the growth and development of designated | -Land banking | | |
| productive | towns & market centres | -Spatial linkage of settlements | | |
| use | - Planning, survey & regularization of settlements | -Establishment of management | | |
| -Planning of | including villages and farms | systems for Municipality and | | |
| all human | -Issuance of ownership documents to enhance | towns | | |
| settlements | security of tenure | -Providing security of tenure to | | |
| -Ensure all | -Embrace /roll Alternative Dispute Resolution | indigenous and landless people | | |
| categories of | Committees at the Ward level | of Lamu County | | |
| land is titled | -Establishment of urban institutions for management | -Raising awareness on land | | |
| and secure | of Municipality & towns | rights | | |
| | -Strengthening institutional capacity | | | |

Stakeholders Analysis

The department will work in collaboration with other stakeholders including private sector, civil society, professionals and other key stakeholders in the sector. The key stakeholders in the sub-sector, their respective roles, what the stakeholders' expectations are, and what the public expects from them are as analyzed in the table below

| | takenolder Analysis | | |
|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Stakeholder | Department | Stakeholder | Stakeholder role in ADP Development |
| | expectation from the | expectations from the | and Implementation |
| | stakeholders | Department | |
| Lamu County | Financial and political | Effective and efficient | Prioritization of projects |
| Government | support | service provision | Project supervision and implementation |
| | Preparation of policies | Prudent use of | Allocation of resources for project |
| | & laws | allocated funds | implementation |
| | | | Monitoring & evaluation |
| Ministry of | Policy guideline | implementations of | Technical & financial assistance in |
| Land & | Survey & mapping | policy guidelines | implementation of projects |
| Physical | Registration & | Awareness creation | 1 1 5 |
| Planning | issuance of ownership | Planning | |
| U | documents | e | |
| | | | |
| National | Policy guideline | implementations of | Technical & financial assistance in |
| Land | Registration of Lease | policy guidelines | implementation of projects |
| Commission | instruments | Awareness creation | r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | | Planning | |
| Development | Financial and technical | Proper execution of | Assist in the formulation of the ADP and |
| partners | support | projects | availing of both financial and technical |
| (World Bank, | | Partnership & | support for implementation of projects |
| USAID) | | collaboration | |
| Faith based | Community | Prudent use of | Improvement of livelihoods |
| Organizations | mobilization & | resources | 1 |
| 6 | awareness creation | Active involvement of | |
| | | the community in | |
| | | project | |
| | | implementations | |
| Media | Disseminate | Prompt sharing of | To inform the members of the public & get |
| | information | information | feedback |
| | Awareness creation | | |
| Community | Active participation in | Support of | Awareness creation |
| | project planning & | | Grievance mitigation |
| | implementation | Active involvement in | Collaboration and support of the projects |
| | L | prioritization & | 11 |
| | | implementation of | |
| | | projects | |
| L | | Projecto | |

Table 54: Stakeholder Analysis

Capital projects 2020/21 FY Table 55: Land & Physical Planning Capital Projects for the 2022/23 FY

| | | | al Projects for the 2022/23 FY | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|-------------|------------|----------------------------|
| Project name | Project Location | Description of activities | Estim ated Cost | Source of Funds | Ti me Fra me | Performa nce indicator s | Targ ets | Statu s | Impleme nting Agency |
| Consultancy services for planning, surveying and regularization of Vumbe Village. | Faza | Consultancy services for planning, surveying and regularization of Vumbe Village. | 10,000,000 | CGL | 1ye ar | Percentag e of completio n rate | 100 % | New | Lands departme nt |
| Consultancy services for planning, surveying and regularization of Lake Amu. | Bahari | Consultancy services for planning, surveying and regularization of Lake Amu. | 7,000, 000 | CGL | 1ye ar | Percentag e of completio n rate | 100 % | New | Lands departme nt |
| Consultancy services for planning, surveying and regularization of Kauthara and Safirisi centres. | Hindi | Consultancy services for planning, surveying and regularization of Kauthara and Safirisi centres. | 5,000, 000 | CGL | 1ye ar | Percentag e of completio n rate | 100 % | New | Lands departme nt |
| Consultancy services for planning surveying and regularization of Kizingitini Farms. | Faza | Consultancy services for planning surveying and regularization of Kizingitini Farms. | 10,000,000 | CGL | 1ye ar | Percentag e of completio n rate | 100 % | New | Lands departme nt |
| Consultancy services for planning, surveying and regularization of Budhei. | Basuba | Consultancy services for planning, surveying and regularization of Budhei. | 8,000, 000 | CGL | 1ye ar | Percentag e of completio n rate | 100 % | New | Lands departme nt |
| Consultancy services for planning, surveying and regularization of Maleli. | Witu | Consultancy services for planning, surveying and regularization of Maleli. | 6,000, 000 | CGL | 1ye ar | Percentag e of completio n rate | 100 % | New | Lands departme nt |
| Consultancy services for planning, surveying and regularization of Ndau Farms. | Kiunga | Consultancy services for planning, surveying and regularization of Ndau Farms. | 10,000,000 | CGL | 1ye ar | Percentag e of completio n rate | 100 % | New | Lands departme nt |
| Consultancy services for planning, surveying and regularization of Mtangawanda Village. | Faza | Consultancy services for planning, surveying and regularization of Mtangawanda Village. | 8,000, 000 | CGL | 1ye ar | Percentag e of completio n rate | 100 % | New | Lands departme nt |

| Project name | Project Location | • | | Source of Funds | Ti me Fra | Performa nce indicator | Targ ets | Statu s | Impleme nting Agency |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-------------|------------|----------------------------|
| | | | | | me | S | | | 8 |
| Consultancy | Kiunga | Consultancy | 12,000 | CGL | 1ye | Percentag | 100 | New | Lands |
| services for | | services for | ,000, | | ar | e of | % | | departme |
| planning, surveying | | planning, surveying | | | | completio | | | nt |
| and regularization | | and regularization | | | | n rate | | | |
| of Ishakani. | | of Ishakani. | | | | | | | |
| Consultancy | Faza | Consultancy | 8,000, | CGL | 1ye | Percentag | 100 | New | Lands |
| services for | | services for | 000 | | ar | e of | % | | departme |
| planning, surveying | | planning, surveying | | | | completio | | | nt |
| and regularization | | and regularization | | | | n rate | | | |
| of Shanga Farms. | | of Shanga Farms. | | | | | | | |

EDUCATION, VOCATIONAL TRAINING AND ECDE PROGRAMMES

Vision

To have improved literacy and technical skills

Mission

To provide quality early childhood education and Vocational Training that will enable Lamu people to

participate in development

Overall Goals

- 1. To provide quality and effective education systems for ECDE and vocational Training
- 2. To facilitate quality teaching and learning resources in the institutions
- 3. To provide literacy, skills, attitude, norms and knowledge for future generations
- 4. To enhance employability of the trainees
- 5. To increase access to education

The Strategic Priorities of the Department.

This is tabulated below:

| Iuon | able 50. Department Strategie I Hornes | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|--|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| No | Development | Priorities | Strategies | | | | | | | | | |
| | needs | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. | Infrastructure | Construction of ECDE | Increase the capacity and the quality of the | | | | | | | | | |
| | Development | Rehabilitation of ECDE | learning institutions to ensure higher | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Construction of Workshops | enrolment, transition and retention. | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. | Education | Provision of learning and | To improve on the performance of the learners | | | | | | | | | |
| | Improvement | teaching resources | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | In-service training | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Hiring of personnel | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. | Community | Outreach programs to | To promote the TVET as a start point for | | | | | | | | | |
| | sensitization | advertise TVETs | further studies for the people of Lamu County | | | | | | | | | |
| | and | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | mobilisation | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 56: Department Strategic Priorities

Stakeholders Analysis

| Stakeholder | Department expectation from the stakeholders | Stakeholder expectations from the | Stakeholder role in ADP | | |
|---------------------|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| | | Department | | | |
| National Government | Full Support and provision of | Prudent utilisation of | Timely dispersal | | |
| | security | resources | of funds | | |
| Non- Governmental | Support and consultancy | Maximum cooperation | Partnership | | |
| organizations | services | | | | |
| Religious | Guidance and sharing of | Cooperation | Fair distribution | | |
| Organizations | information | _ | of resources | | |
| Community | Public participation | Timely implementation | Monitoring and | | |
| | | of projects | evaluation | | |

Capital and Non-Capital Projects Table 57: Capital Projects for the 2022/23 FY

| Project | Description of | Estimated | Source of | Time | Performance | Targets | Status | Implementi | ng |
|--------------|-------------------|------------|-----------|--------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|----|
| name | activities | cost | funds | Frame | indicators | | | Agency | - |
| Location | | | | | | | | | |
| ECDE | Construction of | 30,000,000 | CGL | 1year | Number of | 10 | New | Department | of |
| Classrooms | Classrooms | | | | Classes | | | Education | |
| (Countywide) | | | | | constructed | | | | |
| ECDE | Rehabilitation of | 6,000,000 | CGL | 1 Year | Number of | 5 | New | Department | of |
| Classrooms | ECDE | | | | Classes | | | Education | |
| (Countywide) | Classrooms | | | | Rehabilitated | | | | |
| Learning and | Purchase of | 10,000,000 | CGL | 1 Year | Number of | All Public | ongoing | Department | of |
| | ECDE Learning | | | | ECDE | ECDE | | Education | |
| Materials | and Teaching | | | | Benefiting | Centres | | | |
| (Countywide) | | | | | | | | | |
| ECDE | Construction of | 9,000,000 | CGL | 1year | Number of | 3 | new | Department | of |
| Classrooms | 3 Classrooms | | | | classroom | | | Education | |
| and toilets | and toilets at | | | | and toilets | | | | |
| (Hongwe) | Msefuni | | | | | | | | |
| | Primary, Mini | | | | | | | | |
| | valley and | | | | | | | | |
| | Milunji | | | | | | | | |
| School | Provision of | 15,000,000 | CGL | 1 Year | Number of | All Public | New | Department | of |
| Feeding | Food | | | | ECDE | ECDE | | Education | |
| Programme | Supplements to | | | | Benefiting | Centres | | | |
| | ECDE Centres | | | | | | | | |
| Model ECDE | Construction of a | | CGL | 1 Year | Number of | 1 | | Department | of |
| Centre | Model ECDE | | | | Model | | | Education | |
| | Centre | | | | Centres | | | | |
| | | | | | Constructed | | | | |
| | | 8,000,000 | CGL | 1 Year | Number of | 1 | | Department | of |
| | polytechnic | | | | polytechnic | | | Education | |
| polytechnic | | | | | constructed | | | | |

| Project | Description of | Estimated | Source of | Time | Performance | Targets | Status | Implementing |
|----------------|-------------------|------------|-----------|--------|---------------|----------|---------|---------------|
| name | activities | cost | funds | Frame | indicators | | | Agency |
| Location | | | | | | | | |
| TVET | Rehabilitation of | 6,000,000 | CGL | 1 Year | Number of | 3 | ongoing | Department of |
| Rehabilitation | TVET Centres | | | | TVET | | | Education |
| | (Faza, Witu, | | | | Rehabilitated | | | |
| | Kiunga) | | | | | | | |
| Workshops | Workshops | 15,000,000 | CGL | 1 Year | Number of | 5 | ongoing | Department of |
| | Constructed in | | | | Workshops | | | Education |
| | Witu, Faza, | | | | Constructed | | | |
| | Kiunga, Hindi & | | | | | | | |
| | Bahari | | | | | | | |
| Teaching and | Purchase of | 6,000,000 | CGL | 1 Year | Number of | All | ongoing | Department of |
| Learning | TVET Teaching | | | | TVET | TVETs in | | Education |
| Materials | and Learning | | | | Benefiting | the | | |
| | Materials | | | | | County | | |
| Capitation | Funding all the | 41,210,000 | GOK | 1 Year | Number of | 3000 | ongoing | Department of |
| | TVET Learners | | | | Students | | | Education |
| | | | | | Benefiting | | | |

Cross-sectoral Implementation Considerations Table 58: Cross-sectoral Implementation Considerations

| Programme | Sectors | Cross-sector Impact | | Measures to Harness or |
|-----------|-----------|--|--|---|
| Name | | (Synergies) | Adverse impact | Mitigate the Impact |
| ECDE | Education | Construction of ECDE centres will create employment opportunities as well as improve accessibility and enrolment rate. Education improvement through school feeding programme will ensure high retention rate. Monitoring and evaluation will help to keep track on the project implementation as per the set goals. | feeding programme may not be sustainable. | Equipping ECDE centres with furniture, teaching and learning resources as well as employing staff. Full compliance with NEMA regulation, acquisition of proper legal documents and development of proper conflicts resolution mechanismscan help resolve land conflicts. Create partnerships with other stakeholders to ensure sustainability of the school feeding programme. Keep an updated project status. Develop participatory monitoring and evaluation. |

| Programme | Sectors | Cross-sector Impact | Cross-sector | Measures to Harness or |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Name | | (Synergies) | Adverse impact | Mitigate the Impact |
| | | | | |
| Vocational Training | Education | 1. Construction and rehabilitation of workshops will create employment for Lamu people and improving the rate of enrolment as well as employability skills. | 4. Construction and rehabilitation of workshops will likely impact negatively on environment. It may also create land ownership | 1. Equipping vocational training centres with furniture, ICT facilities and employing staff. Diversification of courses offered at TVETs. Full compliance with NEMA regulation, acquisition of |
| | | 2. Diversification of courses will increase chances of employments among graduates. Policy will help in the implementation of the TVETs' goals and objectives. | conflicts. 5. Diversification of courses may lead to under utilization of resources. Policy implementation can create conflicts with | proper legal documents and development of proper conflicts resolution mechanisms. 2. Capitation to subsidize the TVET fees will help in higher enrolment and retention of students. Interdepartmental sharing of policies will counter departmental |
| | | 3. Monitoring and evaluation will help to keep track on the project implementation as per the set goals. | policies of other departments. Monitoring and evaluation can be misconstrued as witch-hunt. | conflicts.3. Keep an updated project status. Develop participatory monitoring and evaluation. |
| Primary, Secondary and tertiary | Education | Supporting construction and renovation of school infrastructure will increase the rate of enrolment and improve the general outlook of the school. Education improvement through provision of bursaries and scholarships will enhance school retention rate. Supporting achievers' academy and facilitating common exams will encourage students' competition which will in turn improve performance. | Construction and renovation of school infrastructure may have negative impact on environment. Double funding which may lead to corruption. It will also create land ownership conflicts. Education improvement through provision of bursaries may lead to dependency syndrome. Achievers' | Due diligent and facts finding before supporting construction of any school infrastructure. Full compliance with NEMA regulation, acquisition of proper legal documents and development of proper conflicts resolution mechanisms. Provision of full scholarship to needy and very bright students. Partnering with national schools where common exams can be requested for and achievers' academy undertaken. Keep an updated project status. Develop participatory monitoring and evaluation. Due diligence and facts |

| Programme | Sectors | Cross-sector Impact | Cross-sector | Measures | to | Harne | ss or |
|-----------|---------|--|--|---------------------|---------------------|-------|--------|
| Name | | (Synergies) | Adverse impact | Mitigate the | Mitigate the Impact | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | Training of examiners will equip the teachers with necessary skills on setting and marking exams hence improve students' performance. Monitoring and evaluation will help to keep track on the project implementation as per the set goals. | academy, facilitation of common exams and training of examiners may lead to double funding because they are National Government functions. 3. Monitoring and evaluation can be misconstrued as witch hunt. It is prone to abuse due to double funding. | finding funding. | to | avoid | double |

Payments of Grants, Benefits and Subsidies This section provides information on proposed payment of Grants, Benefits and Subsidies to be done by

the county government during 2022/23 FY.

Payments of Grants, Benefits and Subsidies

| Type of payment | Amount (Ksh.) | Beneficiary | Purpose |
|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------|--|
| Provision of Bursaries and | 250,000,000 | Students from | allTo improve on the access to Education |
| Scholarships | | over the County | and ensure 100% Transition |

MEDICAL SERVICES

Vision

A competitive and responsive healthcare delivery system for all

Mission

To provide leadership and quality health services that are sustainable, affordable, acceptable and

accessible to the community

| No | Development | Priorities | Strategies | | |
|----|---------------------|--------------------|---|--|--|
| | needs | | | | |
| 1. | Universal health | Increasing | Strengthen primary health services and more specialized | | |
| | coverage-ensure | geographical | health services in the county | | |
| | residents access | access to health | | | |
| | quality health | services | | | |
| 2 | services without | Enhance financial | Continue paying NHIF premiums for 20,000 indigent | | |
| | suffering financial | risk protection | households | | |
| 3 | hardship | Improve quality of | Invest in health infrastructure, including medical | | |
| | | health services | equipment, to meet the national norms and standards | | |
| | | | Procure adequate supplies essential health products and | | |
| | | | technologies, including blood and medical oxygen. | | |

The strategic priorities of the Department

Sector key stakeholders

| Stakeholder | Department | Stakeholder | Stakeholder role in ADP |
|--|--|---|---|
| | expectation from the stakeholders | expectations from the Department | |
| Ministry of Health | Development of policy and guidelines | Mutual consultations | Provision of norms and standards |
| County assembly | Timely enactment of policies and bills | Submission of draft policies and bills | Oversight including approval of the ADP and the budget |
| Development partners including World Bank and UN | Alignment with existing processes | Accountability for resources and timely reporting | Technical and financial support for the implementation of the ADP |
| Private sector | Provision of goods and services | Transparent procurement processes and timely payment for goods and services offered | Provision of goods and services |
| NGOs and civil society | Civil engagement based on mutual respect | Involvement in the identification and monitoring of projects and programmes | Social accountability and advocacy |

Capital and Non-Capital Projects Table 59: Capital projects for the 2022-23

| Project name Location | Description of activities | Estimated cost (Ksh.) | Source of funds | Time frame | Performance indicators | Targets | Status | Implementing Agency |
|--|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---|---------|---------|------------------------|
| Upgrading of Lamu County Hospital (Mkomani ward) | • | 7,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 23 | % of works completed | 100% | Ongoing | Medical Services |
| Procurement of essential medical equipment and furniture for health facilities(countywide) | Procurement of essential medical equipment for health facilities | 30,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 23 | Proportion of health facilities equipped | 80% | Ongoing | Medical Services |
| Upgrading of Mpeketoni Sub- County Hospital (Bahari ward) | General renovation of existing buildings at Mpeketoni Hospital- kitchen, store, administration block, X-ray and theatre-includes replacement of the asbestos roof | 10,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 23 | % of works completed | 100% | Ongoing | Medical Services |
| StandbypowergeneratorforMpeketoniSCH(Bahari ward) | supply, installation and commissioning of a 350KVA standby generator | 6,500,000 | CGL | 2022- 23 | | | | Medical Services |
| Witu Health Centre laboratory (Witu Ward) | Construction of a medical laboratory (Witu Ward) | 5,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 23 | % of works completed | 100% | Ongoing | Medical Services |
| Upgrade of Mokowe Health Centre -phase 2 (Hindi Ward) | Completion and equipping of radiology unit and sewage system | 10,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 23 | % of works completed | 100% | New | Medical Services |
| Dide Waride dispensary (Witu ward) | Construction of type O dispensary | 6,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 23 | % of works completed | 100% | New | Medical Services |
| RenovationofMangaidispensaryandsolarsystem(Basuba ward) | Renovation of dispensary building and installation of 1KVA solar system | 5,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 23 | % of works completed | 100% | New | Medical Services |

| Faza Hospital elevated steel water tank(Faza ward) | Supply, installation and commissioninig of a 50,000 litres elevated steel tank and associated plumbing works | 3,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 23 | % of works 100 completed | 0% | New | Medical Services |
|--|---|------------|-----|-------------|--------------------------------------|-------|-----|---------------------|
| Medicalwasteincineratorsfor LamuCountyHospital,MpeketoniSCH,FazaSCHMokowe HC | Construction of Demonte forte incinerators | 6,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 23 | % of works 100 completed | 0% | New | Medical Services |
| RenovationofMtangawandadispensaryward) | Renovation of the dispensary building and soak pit | 2,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 23 | % of works 100 completed | 0% | New | Medical Services |
| Mpeketoni Sub- County Hospital oxygen plant | Supply, installation, commissioning and maintenance of PSA oxygen plant and oxygen piping system | 20,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 23 | No of wards with p medical oxygen | piped | New | Medical Services |
| Mkokoni dispensary maternity unit | Water supply, plumbing, placenta pit and soak pit | 2,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 23 | % of works 100 completed | 0% | New | Medical Services |
| Hongwe dispensary phase 2 | Renovation of the dispensary | 3,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 23 | % of works 100 completed | 0% | New | Medical Services |
| Extension of Sinambio dispensary | Renovation of the dispensary | 3,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 23 | % of works 100 completed | 0% | New | Medical Services |

Table 60: Non-Capital Projects FY 2022-23

| Project | Description of activities | Estimated | Source | Time | Performance | Targets | Status | Implementing |
|------------|----------------------------------|-----------|----------|---------|-----------------------|------------|----------|-----------------|
| Location | | cost | of funds | frame | indicators | | | Agency |
| Countywide | Pay NHIF premium for | 120M | CGL | 2022-23 | No of households | 20,000 | On going | Dept of Medical |
| | 20,000 households | | | | enrolled on the Lamu | households | | Services |
| | | | | | County sponsored NHIF | | | |
| | | | | | cover | | | |

Cross-sectoral Implementation Considerations Cross-sectoral impacts

| Programme Name | Sector | Cross-sector Impact | Mitigation measures | |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| | | Synergies | Adverse impact | |
| Curative & | Environment, | Good environment, | Biomedical waste | Modern medical |
| Rehabilitative | water and | clean and safe water | has negative impact | waste management |
| services | sanitation | improve health and | on environment | system. |
| | | wellbeing | | |
| Preventive & | Education | An educated citizenry is | Unintended | Strengthen quality |
| Promotive | | better able to adopt | consequences of | assurance |
| Health Services | | health promoting | medical | measures. |
| | | lifestyle | interventions can | |
| | | Availability of human | result in adverse | |
| | | capitol | effects. | |

PUBLIC HEALTH, SANITATION AND ENVIRONMENT

Due to historic low allocations to the department few high priority projects are identified. The department proposes strengthening and increasing the coverage of waste management services in the County including Lamu east Sub-county. Facelift and renovations of public health and county environment offices has also been identified for consideration in the 2022/23 projects.

Vision

A county with a clean, safe and healthy environment for all

Department Goal

The overall goal of the Sector is to ensure sustainable development in a clean healthy and safe environment.

| No | Development needs | Priorities | Strategies | | | | |
|----|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | Disease prevention | Control of COVID 19 | Acquire necessary tools and supplies for | | | | |
| | and control | | COVID 19 prevention and control | | | | |
| .2 | Increase demand for | Strengthening of community | Strengthen Community Health strategy | | | | |
| | public health | health services | across the County | | | | |
| | services | | | | | | |
| 3 | Improving solid | Increase waste collection | Procure additional waste collection | | | | |
| | waste management | services | tractors and trailers | | | | |
| | | | Designate waste collection points | | | | |
| 4 | Quality control | Control of food and water | Enforce public health standards; laws | | | | |
| | | safety/hygiene | and regulation | | | | |
| 5 | Environmental | Policy development and | Development of Environment and | | | | |
| | Management | implementation | Climate change policy and regulations | | | | |

The Strategic Priorities of the Department.

Stakeholders Analysis

| Stakeholder | Department | Stakeholder expectations | Stakeholder role in ADP |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | expectation from the | from the Department | Development and |
| | stakeholders | | Implementation |
| Kenya Red Cross | Support in sanitation | Technical and supervisory | Alignment of their plan to |
| Society (KRCS) | program | roles by the respective area | County plans/programs |
| | | public health officers. | |
| Community | Full Participation in | Involvement in project | Participation in project |
| | program identification | identification, | identification/prioritization |
| | and implementation | implementation and | |
| | | monitoring. | |
| World Bank | Support through | Provision of infrastructure, | Alignment of their plan to |
| | Transform health | commodities and human | County plans/programs |
| | services- Community | resources | |
| | health and | | |

| Stakeholder | DepartmentStakeholderexpectationsexpectation from the stakeholdersfrom the Department | | Stakeholder role in ADP Development and Implementation | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | environmental safeguards | | | | |
| Safaricom Foundation/Afya uzazi Salama | Support community health services | Provision of infrastructure , commodities and human resources | Alignment of their plan to County plans/programs | | |
| County Department of Finance | Timely procurement of goods/ services/ works and payment for the delivery of the same. | Adherence to treasury guidelines and laws relating to procurement and payments | Resource allocations/Prioritization | | |

Capital and Non-Capital Projects

The Department continues to prioritize waste management in the County townships. Additional tools and equipment for the waste management services are priority items for the 2022/2023 projects. Under disease prevention and control additional chemical supplies and protective tools are required especially against the COVID 19.

| Project name | Description | of | Estimat | Sourc | Time | Performance | Targ | Stat | Implementing |
|---------------------|------------------|------|----------|-------|-----------|---------------|------|------|--------------|
| Location | activities | | e d cost | e of | frame | indicators | ets | us | Agency |
| | | | | funds | | | | | |
| Renovation of | Repair | and | 2,000,0 | CGL | 2022/2023 | Office | 1 | New | PHSE |
| County Environment | replacement | of | 00 | | | renovated | | | |
| Offices- Public | roofing and ceil | ling | | | | | | | |
| works offices | plus fixtures | and | | | | | | | |
| | fittings. | | | | | | | | |
| Renovation of | Purchase, | | 2,000,0 | CGL | 2022/2023 | Office | 1 | New | PHSE |
| County Public | registration | and | 00 | | | renovated | | | |
| Health Offices | branding | of | | | | | | | |
| | Motorcycles | | | | | | | | |
| Purchase of 2 waste | Purchase | of | 9,000,0 | CGL | 2022/2023 | No. of trucks | 2 | New | PHSE |
| collection and | garbage trucks | | 00 | | | purchased | | | |
| transportation | | | | | | | | | |
| trucks- Faza and | | | | | | | | | |
| Hindi wards | | | | | | | | | |

Table 61: Non-Capital Projects for the 2022/23 FY

Cross-sectoral Implementation Considerations

The Table below shows impacts of health programs to the environment and Environment programs to

health/medical services.

| Cross-sectora | l Implementation | Considerations |
|----------------------|------------------|----------------|
|----------------------|------------------|----------------|

| Programme | Sector | Cross Sector Impac | et | Mitigation Measures | | |
|--------------------|-------------|---------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Name | | Synergies | Adverse Impact | | | |
| Environment & | Health/ | Prevention of | Pollution due to | Strengthen and embrace | | |
| Natural Resources | Medical | vectors and effects | poor waste | appropriate waste | | |
| -Waste | | of pollution | management | collection and disposal | | |
| Management | | | practices | system | | |
| Public Health and | Environment | - | Pollution due to | Embrace environment | | |
| Sanitation- Vector | | | spraying | friendly chemicals | | |
| and vermin control | | | chemicals | (biodegradable/less toxic) | | |

TRADE, TOURISM, INVESTMENT AND CULTURE

The department of trade and tourism is mandated in development and rehabilitation of markets, promotion of fair trade, marketing Lamu County as preferred tourist destination, promotion of investments by ensuring conducive business environment etc.

The department is also responsible for policy formulation and coordination of programmes geared towards ensuring wealth and employment creation.

Vision

A globally competitive and sustainable economy, renowned for heritage and cultural preservation.

Mission

To create conducive environment for trade, promote tourism and investment opportunities, and preserve local arts and cultures.

| Di odu sti diceje pi fornics dilu objev | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Program | Broad strategic priorities and policy goals | | | | |
| Administration | Efficient Service Delivery to Clients and Stakeholders | | | | |
| Tourism Development | To promote Lamu as well as to make Lamu a world-class | | | | |
| | destination of choice | | | | |
| Trade and Industrial Development | Support the growth, of local entrepreneurs and providing an | | | | |
| and Support Services | enabling business environment | | | | |

Broad strategic priorities and objectives

Department goals and targets

The goal of the department is to create an enabling environment for growth of business and attraction of

tourists to enhance investment and industrialization.

Sector strategic priorities

- To design effective, efficient and secure systems of collecting revenue;
- Ensuring compliance with policies, standards, procedures
- To provide accurate market information to SMEs through the establishment Business Information Centre (BIC);
- To position Lamu as an investment hub and highlighting key opportunities;
- To promote consumer protection and fair trade practices;
- To establish market infrastructure; and
- To coordinate and facilitate the management and control of county trade and tourism related activities and programs
- To develop, brand and promote county specific trade and tourism programs and projects
- To develop and promote county tourism Infrastructure.

| Key stakenoluers Analysis | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Stakeholder | Role | | | | | |
| Kenya Tourism Board | To promote and market Kenya as a tourist destination | | | | | |
| | internationally and locally | | | | | |
| Ministry of Tourism- | To promote development of tourism industry in Kenya | | | | | |
| National Government | | | | | | |
| Kenya association of | To protect and represent the interest of hotels, lodges, | | | | | |
| hotelkeepers and caterers | restaurant | | | | | |
| | and membership clubs | | | | | |
| Kenya Association of | To champion and represent the interest of travel agent | | | | | |
| travel agency | industry | | | | | |

Key stakeholders Analysis

Capital projects for FY 2022/23 Table 62: Capital projects for the 2022-23

| Project name | Project Location | Description of activities | Estimate d cost | Source of funds | Time frame | Performanc e indicators | Targe t | Status | Implemen ting agency |
|---|---|---|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|---|------------|-------------|--|
| Construc tion of County tourism Offices | Mkomani | construction and equipping of Offices including conference room and toilet facility | 6,000,000 | CGL | 12 month s | Number of offices constructed and equipped | 1 | New | Dept of trade, Tourism and industriali zation |
| Purchase of departm ent Boat | County Wide | For ease of operation in service delivery and revenue collection | 3,500,000 | CGL | 12 Month s | Number of Boats acquired | 1 | New | Dept of trade, Tourism and industriali zation |
| Construc tion of modern jua kali sheds | Witu, Hongwe ,Mkomani ,Kiunga, Faza | Construction of shades for local artisans | 12,500,00 0 | LCG | 12 Month s | No. of modern jua kali sheds, developed | 5 | Ongoi ng | Departmen t of trade and industriali zation |
| Construc tion of Fresh Produce Open air Market | Kashmir, | Construction of Open Air Market | 15,000,00 0 | LCG | 12 Month s | Open air Market Constructed | 1 | New | Departmen t of trade and industriali zation |
| Establish ment of retail market stalls | Hindi ,Mkomani -Kashmiri | Construction of stalls and toilet blocks | 8,000,000 | LCG | 12 Month s | Number of retail markets developed and rehabilitated | 2 | New | Departmen t of trade and industriali zation |

| Project name | Project Location | Description of activities | Estimate d cost | Source of funds | Time frame | Performanc e indicators | Targe t | Status | Implemen ting agency |
|--|---------------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|---|------------|-------------|---|
| Construc tion of Witu open air market | Witu | Construction of open air market | 5,000,000 | LCG | 12 Month s | Number of Markets constructed | 1 | Ongoi ng | Departmen t of trade and industriali zation |
| Lamu County MSMEs Loan Scheme (Chanzo Fund) | County wide | strengthen the scheme to support micro and small enterprises | 15,000,00 0 | LCG | 12 Month s | No. of loan beneficiaries | 150 | ongoi ng | Departmen t of trade and industriali zation |
| Capacity building of local traders on credit access | County wide | Held workshops to sensitize on credit access | 1,000,000 | LCG | 12 Month s | No. of traders sensitized on loan access procedures | 200 | New | Departmen t of trade and industriali zation |
| SMEs capacity building program me | County wide | Conducting trainings to traders on business management | 2,000,000 | LCG | 12 month s | Number of entrepreneur s trained | 100 | Ongoi ng | Departmen t of trade and industriali zation |
| Purchase of specialis ed equipme nt, Material s and supplies | County wide | Purchase of workshop tools and equipment | 6,000,000 | LCG | 12 month s | Number of tools bought and distributed | 20 | Ongoi ng | Departmen t of trade and industriali zation |
| Establish ment of Business Incubati on Centres | Faza Ward Mkomani Ward | Provide Information and mentoring local entrepreneurs | 15,000,00 0 | LCG | 12 month s | Number of Business Information centers done | 2 | New | Departmen t of trade and industriali zation |
| Purchase of Weight and Measure s Equipme nt | County Wide | Conducting inspection and ensuring use of approved weights and measures equipment in trading | 2,000,000 | LCG | 12 month s | Number of equipment purchased | 10 | New | Departmen t of trade and industriali zation |
| Establish ment of a Snake | Manda | Establishment of a Snake park | 10,000,00 0 | CGL | 12 month s | Number of Community Eco tourism | 1 | New | Tourism dept |

| Project name | Project Location | Description of activities | Estimate d cost | Source of funds | Time frame | Performanc e indicators | Targe t | Status | Implemen ting agency |
|---|----------------------------|--|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---|------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| park at Manda | | | | | | centers established | | | |
| Strength ening of legal framewo rks | County wide | Developing and implementing of county tourism policy, tourism bill, sector plans and regulations | 2,000,000 | CGL | 12 month s | Existence of legal framework | 2 | Ongoi ng | Dept of Tourism |
| Construc tion of recreatio nal facility at Mokowe | Hindi | Construction of recreation center in order to promote domestic tourism | 20,000,00 0 | CGL, Investor s | 12 month s | Number of facilities constructed | 1 | New | Dept of Tourism |
| Tourism Informat ion Booth | Manda airport/ Shela | -Information dissemination -Collection of visitor arrivals and departure statistics -Equipping offices for tourism desks | 1,500,000 | CGL | 12 month s | Number of Tourism Information Booths | 1 | New | Dept of Tourism |
| Signage of tourism Sites | County wide | Signage of all major tourism attraction sites | 800,000 | CGL | 12 month s | Number of signage areas done | 20 | New | Dept of Tourism |

Table 63: Non-Capital Projects FY 2022-23

| Project name | Project Location | Description of activities | Estimated cost | Source of funds | Time frame | Performance indicators | Targe t | status | Implemen ting agency |
|---------------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------|------------|---------|--------------------------------|
| Lamu County MSMEs | County wide | strengthen the scheme to support | 15,000,000 | LCG | 12 Month s | No. of loan beneficiaries | 150 | ongoing | Departmen t of trade and |
| Loan Scheme (Chanzo | | micro and small enterprises | | | | | | | industrializ ation |
| Fund) | | × | | | | | | | |

| Project name | Project Location | Description of activities | Estimated cost | Source of funds | Time frame | Performance indicators | Targe t | status | Implemen ting agency |
|--|---------------------|---|----------------|----------------------|------------------|---|------------|---------|---|
| Capacity building of local traders on credit access | County wide | Held workshops to sensitize on credit access | 1,000,000 | LCG | 12 Month s | No. of traders sensitized on loan access procedures | 200 | New | Departmen t of trade and industrializ ation |
| SMEs capacity building programm e | County wide | Conducting trainings to traders on business managemen t | 2,000,000 | LCG | 12 months | Number of entrepreneurs trained | 100 | Ongoing | Departmen t of trade and industrializ ation |
| Establish ment of County investmen t plan | County wide | Engage consultancy to devise Lamu county investment plan | 2,000,000 | LCG | 12 months | County investment profile | 1 | New | Departmen t of trade and industrializ ation |
| Trade shows and exhibition s | | Participate in trade shows and fairs | 1,000,000 | LCG | 12 months | Number of trade shows and exhibition held and attended | 4 | New | Departmen t of trade and industrializ ation |
| Strengthe ning of legal framewor ks | County Wide | Developing and implementin g of county Trade and Investment policy, Trade regulations | 3,000,000 | LCG | 12 months | Existence of legal frameworks | 2 | New | Departmen t of trade and industrializ ation |
| Festivals and cultural promotion | County wide | Promoting tourism through festivals: Lamu Cultural festivals, Amu art festival, Maulid etc | 6,000,000 | CGL, Sponsor s | 12 months | The number festivals conducted | 6 | ongoing | Tourism dept |
| Travel and tourism | Mkomani | Participatin g and exhibiting in Travel and | 2,000,000 | CGL | 12 months | Number of tourism products exhibited | 5 | Ongoing | Tourism dept |

| Project name | Project Location | Description of activities | Estimated cost | Source of funds | Time frame | Performance indicators | Targe t | status | Implemen ting agency |
|---|---------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|---|------------|---------|----------------------------|
| Expos/fair s | | Tourism EXPO's/fair s in collaboratio n with the national marketing agency and other relevant stakeholders | | | | | | | |
| Lamu County Tourism week | County wide | Conducting a Lamu tourism week where tourism players can converge and share their input in improving the industry through expo and exhibitions, | 1,000,000 | CGL | 12 months | Number of tourism stakeholders participating | 1 | New | Tourism dept |
| Developm ent and distributio n of Tourism Informati on materials | County wide | Provision of tourism information materials: - tourism Information guide books, promotional videos, Brochures, fliers, tourism area maps etc | 4,000,000 | CGL | 12 months | -Number of information materials generated | 3000 | Ongoing | Tourism dept |
| Tourism Entertain ment program (tourism night) | County wide | Entertainme nt cultural dances once every month by local dance groups and various other | 1,200,000 | CGL | 12 months | Number of Entertainment programs done | 12 | New | Tourism dept |

| Project name | Project Location | Description of activities | Estimated cost | Source of funds | Time frame | Performance indicators | Targe t | status | Implemen ting agency |
|--|---------------------|---|----------------|--------------------|---------------|--|------------|---------|----------------------------|
| | | entertainme nts | | | | | | | |
| Conductin g Tourism stakehold er's forums | County wide | -Hold quarterly tourism stakeholder' s meetings | 1,000,000 | CGL | 12 months | Number of consultative stakeholder meetings held | 4 | New | Tourism dept |
| Strengthe ning of legal framewor ks | County wide | Developing and implementin g of county tourism policy, tourism bill, sector plans and regulations | 2,000,000 | CGL | 12 months | Existence of legal frameworks | 2 | Ongoing | Dept of Tourism |
| Tourism capacity building | County wide | Conducting trainings to tour guides, dhow operators, hoteliers | 3,000,000 | CGL | 12 months | Number of tour guide, dhow operators, hoteliers trained | 300 | New | Dept of Tourism |
| Enhance ment of Tourism informati on and data managem ent | County wide | Collection, compilation and managemen t of local Tourism products and services data for planning purpose | 1,500,000 | CGL | 12 months | database tourism on attractions established | 1 | Ongoing | Dept of Tourism |
| Signage of tourism Sites | County wide | Signage of all major tourism attraction sites | 800,000 | CGL | 12 months | Number of signage areas done | 20 | New | Dept of Tourism |
| Clean up of tourism attraction sites (All beaches) | County wide | Tourism Attraction sites clean up by tourism youth groups once every month | 2,000,000 | CGL | 12 months | Number of Beach Clean ups done | 12 | New | Dept of Tourism |

| Programme Name | Sectors | Cross-sector Impact (Synergies) | Cross-sector Adverse | Measures to Harness or Mitigate the Impact |
|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| | | | impact | |
| Tourism | -Energy, | Improves the | -Some sectors | Contribute to revenue |
| product | Infrastructure and ICT | County Economy | are given more | generation |
| development | -Social protection, | Through the | attention | in the Finance & Economic |
| and marketing | Culture and | Tourism multiplier | compared to | Planning sector |
| | Recreation | effect | others in regard | - |
| Trade | Agriculture, | Agro and fish | to resource allocation. | Create conducive business |
| Development | Livestock and | processing plants | anocation. | environment for investment |
| | Fisheries | | | in industries |

Cross-sectoral Implementation Considerations

DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES AND BLUE ECONOMY

The fisheries subsector focus is on improvement of service delivery and enhancement of fisheries production and productivity. To achieve this, the department has identified key programs namely, fisheries development services and general Administration, planning and support services as integral drivers in actualizing the department's vision and objectives. Among other cross-cutting issues, the department has identified degradation of terrestrial, arable land and aquatic habitats, and social impacts on local communities as paramount concerns that require a concerted and deliberate effort in trying to mitigate adverse impacts likely to be realized in the process of implementing various programmes and projects.

Vision

To be a leading county department in delivery of competitive, efficient and effective fisheries services in Kenya

Mission

To improve socio economic status of people of Lamu County and ensure food security by promoting innovative commercially oriented fisheries development through creating enabling environment, provide support services and ensuring sustainable fisheries resource management.

| Department | Broad Strategic Priorities and Policy Goals 2022/2023 |
|------------------------|---|
| General | To provide efficient and effective support services for delivery of |
| Administration, | Department's programmes |
| Planning, Monitoring | |
| and Support Services | |
| Fisheries Development | Sustainable management of fisheries resources |
| | Improved fisheries governance |
| | Effective monitoring, control and surveillance |
| | Improve fish trade and food security |
| | Employment, wealth creation and poverty reduction |
| Fish Production and | To provide fishermen with necessary fishing gears and accessories in |
| Productivity | order to increase fisheries productivity in both fresh water and marine |
| | water ecosystems |
| | To enhance fish productivity through Mari-culture and freshwater |
| | culture development |
| Fish Quality Assurance | To guarantee the fish & fish products are safe for human consumption |
| and Marketing. | To minimize post-harvest loses |
| | To promote producer organization activities and Capacity building |
| | To promote fish marketing and value addition |

| Broad Strategic Priority an | d Objectives |
|------------------------------------|--------------|
|------------------------------------|--------------|

| | c on rion cup | 0 | | | - | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------|--------|-------|-----------------------|----------------|--------|---------------|
| Project name | Description | Estimated | Source | Time | Performance | Targets | Status | Implementing |
| Location | of activities | cost) | of | frame | indicators | | | Agency |
| | | / | funds | | | | | 8 2 |
| Administrative | Supporting | 4,477,000 | CGL | 2021- | Percentage of office | 43 staff | On- | Department of |
| support | administrative | | | 2022 | work completed. | | going | Fisheries |
| services | functions | | | | 1 | | 0 0 | Development |
| Fisheries | То | 700,000 | CGL | 2021- | Number of offices | 2 offices | On- | Department of |
| offices | rehabilitate/ | | | 2022 | rehabilitated/ | rehabilitated/ | going | Fisheries |
| rehabilitated. | renovate 2 | | | | renovated | renovated | 0 0 | Development |
| | offices (Lamu | | | | | | | |
| | & Kiunga) | | | | | | | |
| Extension | Facilitating | 2,000,000 | CGL | 2021- | Percentage of | 43 staff, | On- | Department of |
| services | staff to go to | | | 2022 | fishermen reached by | Fishermen, | going | Fisheries |
| | the field and | | | | the fisheries staff. | Countywide | 0 0 | Development |
| | provide | | | | Number of fisheries | | | |
| | services to the | | | | extension services | | | |
| | fishers | | | | offered to fishermen. | | | |

Table 64: Non-Capital Projects 2022/2023 FY

Table 3:

| | e 65: Capital | projects for | the 2022 | /2023 F | Y | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---|--------------------------|--------------|---|
| Project name Location | Description of activities | Estimated cost (Ksh.) | Source of funds | Time frame | Performance indicators | Targets | Status | Implementing Agency |
| Construction of fishing camps | Construction of fish landing Bandas | 4,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 2023 | Number of fish landing Bandas constructed | Mngiini and Shella | On- going | Department of Fisheries Development |
| Purchase of fishing gears and equipment (Supplies for production) | Fishermen countywide to be issued with fishing gears (gillnets, fishing lines,Fish finders & accessories) | 20,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 2023 | Number / percentage of fishermen benefitting from the fishing gears issued Number of fishing gears issued to fishermen in Lamu County. | 40 BMUs (Countywide) | On- going | Department of Fisheries Development |
| Procurement of outboard engines (Purchase of specialized plant) | Purchase of 60 outboard engines | 20,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 2023 | Number of outboard engines purchased Number of fishermen issued with the outboard engines | Fishermen, countywide | On- going | Department of Fisheries Development |
| Procurement of cooler boxes | Purchase of 25 cooler boxes | 1,000,000 | CGL | 2022- 2023 | Number of fishers supplied with cooler boxes | Fishermen, Countywide | On- going | Department of Fisheries Development |

Table 65: Capital projects for the 2022/2023 FY

| Project name Location | Description of activities | Estimated cost (Ksh.) | Source of funds | Time frame | Performance indicators | Targets | Status | Implementing Agency |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------|--------|------------------------|
| | | | | | Number of cooler | | | |
| | | | | | boxes purchased | | | |
| Solar lit | Purchase of | 2,000,000 | CGL | 2022- | Number of fish | Fish traders, | On- | Department of |
| mama | 20 deep | | | 2023 | traders supplied with | Countywide | going | Fisheries |
| karanga | freezers for | | | | deep freezers | | | Development |
| display table | fish traders | | | | Number of deep | | | |
| | | | | | freezers purchased | | | |

LIVESTOCK, VETERINARY AND CO-OPERATIVES DEVELOPMENT

Livestock Section

The Department of Livestock and Co-operative Developments Livestock Production section in the financial year 2022/2023 has prioritized: -

Livestock Production and Productivity through establishment of model feedlots in strategic livestock hotspots in the county for Beef fattening purposes, Milk production through promotion of zero grazing to model farmers selected under the KESCAP projects.

Livestock Market infrastructure development will focus on equipping, developing and installing modern equipment for handling, production, processing and storage of livestock products with a view to reduce post production losses, enhanced value addition. and improve competitiveness and marketability of Lamu County livestock products.

Range Resource Management by supporting groups to undertake pasture and fodder production, harvesting, conservation, storage and utilization for sustainable range resources utilization that will create livestock livelihood resilience to climate change.

Bee keeping improvement by strengthening the beekeepers' cooperative to mobilize and support beekeepers with modern equipment of doing business. The department shall train and support beekeeping artisans to locally produce the harvesting Kits, Hives, and other Hive tools.

Indigenous chicken production by embracing the value chain approach as supported by ASDSPII and KESCAP and promotion of KARI Kienyeji for farmers' adoption; and marketing of IC products.

Improvement of extension services delivery as core areas of focus. This shall be done through recruitment of new staff and retraining of the old staff to support in provision of extension services to Value Chain Actors at every node of the livestock Value chains.

All these interventions are anchored in the Lamu County Integrated Development Plan (CIDP), and geared to achieving Kenya Vision 2030 (increasing livestock productivity for creation of employment and generation of income to alleviate poverty.); the Big Four Government Agenda (Food and nutrition security through the establishment of feedlots and pasture production and bulking across the county); Comprehensive Africa Agriculture Development Programme (CAADP) (Increased agricultural performance through improvements in policy and institutional environments, access to improved

technologies and information, and increased investment financing); **The East Africa Community Vision 2050** (EAC) (Promote improved agricultural interventions with emphasis on greater diversification towards domestic – oriented production, value addition and research); **Intergovernmental Authority on Development (IGAD)** (Strengthen the agricultural sector, rural economies and the environment in order to improve the livelihoods of African people and ensure poverty reduction); **Africa Agenda 2063**(Modern agriculture for increased production, productivity and Value addition) and **Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)** (Achieving food security and improve nutrition and promoting sustainable agriculture); this shall lead to improved income in the subsector thus greatly enhancing the livelihood of the livestock farming communities of Lamu County.

Veterinary Section

The Veterinary Services section in the financial year 2020/2021 has prioritized Animal Disease and Vector control, Veterinary Public Health, Artificial Insemination, Hides, Skins and Leather Improvement support services and improvement of Animal Health extension service delivery as core areas of focus.

The section will focus on establishment of Livestock movement control points and construction of vaccination crushes control of Trade Sensitive diseases and zoonosis. Construction and/or rehabilitation of cattle dips and crush pens for control and eradication of tsetse flies, other biting flies and ticks as a means of animal disease vectors. Construction of slaughter premises will be the priority focus in aim to improve meat quality, reduce zoonosis and enhance meat production. Improved artificial Insemination and establishment of Artificial Insemination centres will enhance milk and meat production through the introduction of high producing livestock.

These interventions are expected to improve Livestock Production and Productivity, increase market access of Lamu County livestock and livestock products while safeguarding human and animal health from zoonosis.

They will also lead to improved income in the subsector thus greatly enhancing the livelihood of the livestock farming communities of Lamu County.

Co-operatives sub-sector

The Co-operatives subsector focus is on the formation and revival of co-operatives in order to make them vibrant in promotion of the various value chains, Livestock sub-sector involved. The section will promote the formation of new strategic co-operatives for youth and women, enhance capacity building of the

members of the various co-operatives while closely monitoring and enforcing strict compliance with the Co-operatives Act and other legislation.

To achieve this, the department has identified co-operatives development services as key and integral driver in actualizing the department's vision and objectives.

Cross Cutting Issues

Among cross-cutting issues the subsector has identified of paramount interest and wish to address among others are persons with disability, people living with AIDS, youths and women. These would require a concerted and deliberate effort to mitigate adverse impacts likely to arise in the process of implementing the various programmes, sub-programmes and projects.

Vision

To be a leading County Department in delivery of Competitive, Efficient and Effective Livestock Production, Veterinary and Co-operative Services in the county.

Mission

To improve socio economic status of people of Lamu County and ensure food security by promoting commercially innovative livestock, and cooperative oriented development through creating an enabling environment, providing support services while ensuring sustainable natural resource management.

| broad Strategic Frioritie | and objectives |
|---------------------------|---|
| Department | Broad Strategic Priorities and Policy Goals 2022/2023 |
| General Administration, | Provide efficient and effective support services for delivery of Department's |
| Planning, Monitoring and | programmes |
| Support Services | |
| Livestock Production | Develop legal framework, strengthen policy and implementation and enhance |
| | institutional capacity; |
| | Increase output and productivity; |
| | Facilitate access to Markets for livestock and livestock produce; |
| | Align livestock production function to the constitution of Kenya, 2010, The Big |
| | Four Agenda and Governors Manifesto |
| | Address effects of climate change, |
| | Strengthen the monitoring and evaluation unit; |
| | Develop information communication technology systems in livestock |
| | production and Mainstream cross cutting issues in livestock production |
| Veterinary Services | Safeguard Human and Animal Health |
| | Facilitate access to markets |
| | Increase output and productivity of animal and animal products |
| | Strengthen County Veterinary Service efficiency and effectiveness in service |
| | delivery |

Broad Strategic Priorities and Objectives

| Department | Broad Strategic Priorities and Policy Goals 2022/2023 |
|------------------|---|
| | Enhance ICT Capacity |
| | Strengthen collaboration with other related sectors |
| | Mainstream cross cutting issues in the department |
| Co-operative and | To promote cooperative activities and Capacity building |
| Marketing. | To promote cooperative marketing and Value addition |
| | To ensure compliance with Cooperative Societies Act and rules |

Capital and Non-Capital Projects for Livestock Subsector Table 66: Capital projects for the 2022/2023 FY

| Project | Project | Description of | Estimat | Sou | Time | Performance | Targe | Stat | Imple |
|--|---|---|--------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--|---------|------|--|
| name | Location | activities | ed cost (Ksh.) | rce of fund | frame (Years) | indicators | ts | us | mentin g agency |
| Constructio n of 10 Loading and Offloading Ramps Establishme nt of Milk Collecting | Hindi, Witu, Hongwe, Bahari, Mkunumbi, Kiunga Faza, Mkomani ward Pangani, Koreni, Witu | Construct, equip and operationalized of a livestock Loading/Offload ing Ramp Construction and operationalizatio n of milk | 8,000,00 0 6,000,00 0 | s CGL CGL | 1 | Complete Loading/Off loading Ramp. Operational Loading/Offlo ading Ramp Complete and operational milk collection | 10 3 | New | Depart ment of Livesto ck Depart ment of Livesto |
| centres Constructio n of Indigenous Poultry sale yard | Witu, Mpeketoni, Mokowe , Amu | collection centre Construction and operationalizatio n of 3 poultry sale yards | 8,000,00 0 | CGL | 1 | centres complete sale yard operational Yard | 4 | New | ck Depart ment of Livesto ck |
| Purchase of Hindi Honey Processing Plant Equipments | Hindi Ward | Completion and purchase of equipments for Hindi Honey processing Plant | 2,000,00 0 | CGL | 1 | Honey Processing Plant | 1 | New | Depart ment of Livesto ck |
| Formation and registration of Beekeeper Cooperative | County wide | Beekeepers mobilization, Training and election of Officials | 1,000,00 0 | CGL | 1 | Honey Processing Plant | 1 | New | Depart ment of Livesto ck |
| Training of 20 Bee Artisans at Lenana Bee Keeping Station | County wide | Beekeepers mobilization, Training and selection of Trainees | 800,000 | CGL | 1 | Honey Processing Plant | 1 | New | Depart ment of Livesto ck |

| Project name | Project Location | Description of activities | Estimat ed cost (Ksh.) | Sou rce of fund s | Time frame (Years) | Performance indicators | Targe ts | Stat us | Imple mentin g agency |
|--|--|--|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---|-------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| Dairy Value Chain Developme nt | County Wide | Concepts and Grants | 4,000,00 0 | CGL | 1 | Vibrant IC Value Chain | 1 | Cont inuo us | Depart ment of Livesto ck |
| Indigenous Chicken Value Chain Developme nt | County Wide | Concepts and Grants | 2,000,00 0 | CGL | 1 | Vibrant IC Value Chain | 1 | On - goin g | Depart ment of Livesto ck |
| Establishme nt of 10 Model Feedlots for Beef fattening | Amu, Faza, Bahari, Hongwe, Witu, Mkunumbi, Kiunga, Hindi | Development of dairy Livestock seed distribution systems for local dairy herds | 10,000,0 00 | CGL | 1 | Functional Feedlots | 10 | New | Depart ment of Livesto ck |
| Support Community Strategic Livestock Feed reserves (Equipment and storage) | (Chalaluma , Witu Farm, Didewaride) Witu ward | Equip and capacity build communities with tools for pasture harvesting conservation and storage | 6,000,00 0 | CGL | 1 | Communities equipped with tools and storage equipment | 3 | New | Depart ment of Livesto ck |

Table 67: Non-Capital Projects 2019/2020 FY

| Project name | Locatio n | Description of activities | Estimat ed cost (Ksh.) | Source of funds | Time frame | Performanc e indicators | Targ ets | Stat us | Implementi ng Agency |
|------------------|--------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------------------------|-------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Livestock Sale | Lamu | Consultancy, | 2,000,00 | CGL | 1 | Livestock | 1 bill | New | Department |
| Yard | | Retreats and | 0 | | | bill | | | of Livestock |
| development bill | | Conferences | | | | | | | |

Capital and Non-Capital Projects for Veterinary Services Table 68: Capital projects for the FY 2022-2023

| Project name Location | Description of activities | Estimate d cost | Source of | Time fram | Performanc e indicators | Ta rg | Status | Implementing Agency |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|----------|---------|------------------------|
| | | (Ksh.) | funds | е | | ets | | J I |
| County - wide | Purchase of assorted | 10,000,00 | CGL | 2022 | No. of | | New | Lamu |
| | veterinary drugs and | 0 | | -2023 | animals | | project | department of |
| | equipment | | | | treated. | | | Livestock |
| County wide | Purchase of | 10,000,00 | CGL | 2022 | No. of | | New | Lamu |
| | Veterinary Vaccines | 0 | | -2023 | animals | | project | department |
| | | | | | vaccinated | | | of Livestock |

| Project name Location | Description of activities | Estimate d cost (Ksh.) | Source of funds | Time fram e | Performanc e indicators | Ta rg ets | Status | Implementing Agency |
|---|---|------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--|-----------------|----------------|---|
| Faza, Tchundwa, Siyu, Mokowe, Bargoni, Moa, Kiunga, Kitumbini, and Pangani | Construction of cattle crushes | 10,800,00 0 | CGL | 2022 -2023 | No. crush pens constructed | 9 | New project | Lamu department of Livestock |
| Koreni, Kibokoni and Lumshi | Renovation of crushes | 1,500,000 | CGL | 2022 -2023 | No. of crush pens renovated | 3 | New project | Lamu department of Livestock |
| Pate and Koreni | Renovation of Cattle dips | 2,000,000 | CGL | 2022 -2023 | No. of cattle dips renovated. | 2 | New project | Lamu department of Livestock |
| Mokowe | Purchase of Lab equipments | 1,400,00 | CGL | 2022 -2023 | No. of lab equipments purchased | 1 | New project | Lamu department of Livestock |
| County wide | Installation of Tsetse traps and targets | - | Kentte c | 2022 -2023 | No. Tsetse traps and target installed | 12 00 | New project | Lamu department of Livestock and Kenttec |
| Faza, pate and Witu | Construction of slaughter house/slab | 3,000,000 | CGL | 2022 -2023 | No. of slaughter house constructed | 3 | New project | Lamu department of Livestock |
| Mokowe | Fencing of Mokowe slaughter houses | 2,000,000 | CGL | 2022 -2023 | No. of slaughter houses fenced off. | 1 | New project | Lamu department of Livestock |
| Amu | Rehabilitation of slaughter houses | 1,500,00 | CGL | 2022 -2023 | No. of slaughter houses rehabilitated | 1 | New project | Lamu department of Livestock |
| County wide | Training of Meat inspectors | 300,000 | CGL | 2022 -2023 | No. of slaughter houses rehabilitated | 4 | New project | Lamu department of Livestock |
| County wide | Purchase of liquid Nitrogen | 1,000,000 | CGL | 2022 -2023 | No. of litres purchased | 30 0 | New project | Lamu department of Livestock |
| County wide | Purchase of bull semen straws | 1,000,000 | CGL | 2022 -2023 | No. of semen straws purchased | 60 0 | New project | Lamu department of Livestock |
| County wide | Construction of A.I crushes | 3,000,000 | CGL | 2022 -2023 | No. of A.I crush pens constructed | 10 | New project | Lamu department of Livestock |
| County wide | Train A.I technicians | 500,000 | CGL | 2022 -2023 | No. of A. I technicians trained | 5 | New project | Lamu department of Livestock |

| Project name Location | Description of activities | Estimate d cost (Ksh.) | Source of funds | Time fram e | Performanc e indicators | Ta rg ets | Status | Implementing Agency |
|--------------------------|---|------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------------------------|
| County wide | Purchase of Haojin motorcycles | 1,000,000 | CGL | 2022 -2023 | No. of motorbikes purchased | 5 | New project | Lamu department of Livestock |
| County-wide | Sensitization and awareness creation of animal welfare issues to communities | 1,200,000 | CGL | 2022 -2023 | No. of communitie s sensitized | 15 | New project | Lamu department of Livestock |
| County-wide | Policy making and advocacy on animal welfare issues at the county | 1,200,000 | CGL | 2022 -2023 | No. bills passed | 2 | New project | Lamu department of Livestock |

Payments of Grants, Benefits and Subsidies Payments of Grants, Benefits and Subsidies

| Type of payment | Amount (Ksh.) | Beneficiary | Purpose |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| Matching grant | 2,000,000 | ASDSP | Fulfilling donor condition |
| Matching grant | 4,000,000 | KCSAP | Fulfilling donor condition |

GENDER, YOUTH AFFAIRS, SPORTS, CULTURE AND SOCIAL SERVICES

This chapter provides a summary of what has been planned for 2022/23 FY. It presents sector/sub-sector key broad priorities, Programmes, projects and performance indicators. It also indicates the overall resource requirement in the year's ADP.

Vision

Socio-economically empowered residents of Lamu County

Mission

To provide socio support, skills and talent development and promote culture and heritage.

Overall Goals

- 1. Socio-economic empowerment of women, Youth, PWDs, marginalized and vulnerable groups
- 2. Elimination of discrimination, gender based violence and awareness among the local community to change perception against a girl child education.
- 3. Nurturing and development of talents.
- 4. Promotion of social cohesion and integration among the residents of Lamu County

The Strategic Priorities of the Department

This is tabulated below:

| No | Development | Priorities | Strategies | | | | | | | |
|----|-----------------|--------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | needs | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. | Infrastructural | Construction of sports | Construction of standard centers to identify, nurture and | | | | | | | |
| | development | stadia, social halls and | promote talents | | | | | | | |
| | | talent centres | | | | | | | | |
| 2. | Socio- | Capacity building and | Issuance of grants to women, Youth and PWDs | | | | | | | |
| | economic | issuance of grants | | | | | | | | |
| | empowerment | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. | Development | Identification, | Setting up Talent Centres and supporting teams and | | | | | | | |
| | and | Nurturing and | individuals to participate in local, Regional, National and | | | | | | | |
| | promotion of | Promotion of Sports | International Events and Tournaments | | | | | | | |
| | Sports | Talents | | | | | | | | |
| 4. | Staff | Training, retention and | Capacity building of staff as well as hiring highly qualified | | | | | | | |
| | Development | recruitment of staff. | personnel. | | | | | | | |

Sub-sector Strategic Priorities

Stakeholders Analysis

| Stakeholder | Department expectation from the stakeholders | Stakeholder expectations from the Department | Stakeholder role in ADPDevelopmentandImplementation | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| National Government | Full Support and provision of security | A | Timely dispersal of funds | | | |
| Non- Governmental organizations | Support and consultancy services | Maximum cooperation | Partnership | | | |
| Religious Organizations | Guidance and sharing of information | Cooperation | Fair distribution of resources | | | |
| Community | Public participation | Timely implementation of projects | Monitoring and evaluation | | | |
| Sports Organizations and Associations | Timely Planning and Budgeting for their events | Timely Support both Financially & Technically | | | | |

Capital and Non-Capital Projects Table 69: Capital Projects for the 2022/23 FY

| Table 09: Capital Projects for the 2022/25 F 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------|--------|--------|----------------|---------|---------|-----------------|--|--|
| Project name | Description of | Estimated | Source | Time | Performance | Targets | status | Implementing | | |
| Location | activities | cost | of | Frame | indicators | | | Agency | | |
| | | (Ksh.) | funds | | | | | | | |
| Social Halls | Construction | 25m | CGL | 1 Year | Social halls | 8 | On | Department of | | |
| (County wide) | &Rehabilitation | | | | rehabilitated | | going | Gender and | | |
| | of social Halls | | | | | | | social service | | |
| Sports | Rehabilitation/ | 30m | CGL | 1 Year | Sports stadia | 4 | Ongoing | Department of | | |
| infrastructure | Construction of | | | | rehabilitated/ | | | Sports | | |
| development | Sports Stadia | | | | constructed | | | _ | | |
| (Countywide) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Youth | Construction of | 10m | CGL | 1 Year | Youth | 1 | New | Department of | | |
| Centre(Lamu | Youth | | | | empowerment | | | Youth Affairs | | |
| west) | empowerment | | | | Centre | | | | | |
| | Centre | | | | constructed | | | | | |
| Multi-Purpose | Construction of | 10m | CGL | 1 | Multi- | 1 | New | Department of | | |
| Hall | a Multi-Purpose | | | YEAR | Purpose Hall | | | Social Services | | |
| | Hall | | | | Constructed | | | | | |
| Sinambio and | Levelling of | 1m | CGL | 1Year | Levelled | 2 | New | Department of | | |
| Bomani | playgrounds | | | | playgrounds | | | Social Services | | |
| playgrounds | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Hongwe) | | | | | | | | | | |

Cross-sectoral Implementation Considerations Cross-sectoral Implementation Considerations

| Departme | Cross-sector Impact | Cross-sector Adverse | Measures to Harness or |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| nt | (Synergies) | impact | Mitigate the Impact |
| Gender and Social Services | 1.Construction of Social Halls will create employment for women and Youths as well as enhancing social cohesion 2.Socio-economic empowerment through issuance of Grants to improve income levels | 1.Construction of social halls can impact negatively on environment 2. Can create land ownership conflicts 3. Issuance of grants may lead to dependency syndrome | Equipping social halls with furniture's and ICT facilities. Full compliance with NEMA regulation and acquisition of proper legal documents Training communities on entrepreneurship skills |
| Youth Affairs | Youth resource Centre will create employment to youths, enhanced cohesion and fight drugs and substance abuse. Issuance of grants will improve income levels | 1.Construction of social halls can impact negatively on environment 2. Can create land ownership conflicts 3. Issuance of grants may lead to dependency syndrome | Equipping Youth resource centers with furniture's and ICT facilities. Full compliance with NEMA regulation and acquisition of proper legal documents Training youths on entrepreneurship skills |
| Sports | Construction in Standard Sports Stadia will help in proper skills development, job creation, entertainment and social cohesion. Source of income as well as keeping them off drugs | 1.Construction of Stadia can impact negatively on environment2.Some sports discipline can be culturally unacceptable | Equipping sports activities with furniture's and ICT facilities. Full compliance with NEMA regulation and acquisition of proper legal documents Support many tournaments in different sporting disciplines and ensure dress codes and ethics are properly observed |

Payments of Grants, Benefits and Subsidies

| Type of payment | Amount (Ksh.) | Beneficiary | Purpose |
|-------------------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------|
| Youth Empowerment Fund Grants | 5,000,000 | Youths | Economic Empowerment |
| Women Empowerment Fund Grant | 5,000,000 | Women | Economic Empowerment |
| PWDs Empowerment Fund Grants | 5,000,000 | PWDs | Economic Empowerment |

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT

Department of Infrastructure and Energy is under the Ministry of Lands, Physical Planning, Infrastructure, Urban Development and Energy headed by a County Executive Committee Member. The Ministry comprises of two Departments headed by two Chief officers. The Department of Infrastructure and Energy carries out implementation of roads infrastructure projects, County building projects while Energy sector is concerned with implementation of installation and maintenance of streetlights.

Vision

To be a leading County in provision for excellent infrastructure services by providing reliable and affordable energy, improve roads network and manage the built environment for sustainable development of Lamu County.

Mission

To improve livelihoods of residents through proper distribution of efficient, affordable and reliable infrastructure services and provide sustainable socio- economic growth and embrace towards infrastructure development, restoration and effective management of all infrastructure facilities.

Coverage and distribution of Energy

The Energy & Infrastructure Sector consist of Roads, Energy & Public Works. The Kenya Vision 2030 recognizes infrastructure as an enabler for sustained economic growth. In this regard, adequate funds must be set aside to finance the various sector programmes and sub-programmes.

Strategic Intervention 1: Promote use of green energy, mainly solar in areas with low population density.

The target will be households, institutions and markets. This is in recognition that sparsely populated areas will be expensive to be connected to the national grid, while at the same time recognizing the right to every citizen to enjoy electricity access.

To actualize this intervention, the following activities will be undertaken during the year:

- i. Establish a policy on green energy.
- ii. Lighting of villages, townships and streets using solar and wind energy.
- iii. Train households/communities on use of biogas.

Strategic Intervention 2: Increase allocation of resources to Energy Sector.

The County Government will target to connect additional 5000 households to electricity. The County allocation to electricity connection will be increased during the current financial year in order to increase the number of households with electricity connection. The activities to be undertaken to realize increased access to electricity connection include:

- i. Mapping out of towns and institutions that are not connected to national grid.
- ii. Collaborate with REA to fast-track electricity connection.
- iii. Install solar /electricity powered floodlights in major market centres and areas not within national power grid.

Road networks

The County has some of the worst road networks in the country, largely to marginalization since independence. Until recently the County has one tarmacked road, the Lamu - Garseni road which is still under construction. other roads are not tarmacked these roads are classified and fall under the National Government road agencies, specifically KeRRA. The County through RMLF carryout routine maintenance of few all-weather roads each financial year, though the funding is not enough to maintain all roads.

The current road upgraded to bitumen standards is the Lamu – Garseni road, KURA is upgrading 15kms at Mokowe and the rest of Couty roads are made up of sand and murrum gravel surface roads. Some of the rural roads are in bad state of disrepair while other areas remain un-opened. This poses a major challenge to the County Government in addressing some key economic and social challenges such as access to markets by farmers, access to medical facilities and other institutions. There are two key factors that lead to dilapidation of roads network, such as inadequate maintenance of all-weather roads and constrained financial allocation to expansion and upgrading of roads network.

Inadequate maintenance of the roads network results from low allocation or lack of prioritization. Expansion of roads network in the County has also faced serious financing challenges due to biased allocations by the National Government over the years. The National roads agencies (KURA, KERRA and KENHA). KERRA and KURA are important partners as they are responsible for development and maintenance of classified urban and rural roads. KENHA is also an important partner because the Lamu – Garseni highway traverses the County and is an important artery for the development of the County. The County has prioritized strategic intervention to improve road maintenance. The County strategy intervention to deal with this challenge is two pronged.

Strategic Intervention 1: Collaborate/ lobby the national roads agencies to identify and prioritize maintenance of classified roads in the County.

The county will undertake implement two broad activities towards improving maintenance of the roads network at outlined below:

- Identify roads for maintenance: map out and come up with roads inventory of all roads in the County and prioritize those with urgent need for maintenance. Also consider economic factors such as linkages to markets, high population density in prioritizing.
- Agree on maintenance schedule: Develop a maintenance schedule with National Agencies for the classified roads.

Strategic Intervention 2: Increase County allocation budget for roads maintenance.

Despite the limited financial resources, the County Government will seek to increase the allocation towards roads maintenance.

Strategic Intervention 3: Collaborate with KURA and KERA to upgrade road network in the County to bitumen standards.

The focus will be classified roads and urban roads and rural roads upgrading, opening new areas to cover an additional road during the ARICS period. This will entail increased funding by the County for roads upgrade and construction of new roads. The sector will require enhanced budget allocation.

- Identify and prioritize roads for upgrading.
- Designs and bills or quantities.
- Procurement and construction

| Project | Description | Estimated | Source | Time | Performance | Targets | | Implementing |
|-------------|---------------|-------------|--------|-----------|-------------|----------|-----|----------------|
| name | of activities | cost (Ksh.) | of | frame | indicators | | | Agency |
| Location | | | funds | | | | | |
| Routine | Provide | 70,000,000 | KRB | 2022-2023 | No. & Km of | 15 roads | New | Infrastructure |
| maintenance | gravel | | | | roads | | | department |
| of roads | wearing | | | | maintained | | | |
| | course- | | | | | | | |
| | excavation, | | | | | | | |
| | free haul, | | | | | | | |
| | spread and | | | | | | | |
| | compact | | | | | | | |

Capital and Non-Capital Projects Table 70: Capital Projects - FY 2022-23

| | gravel equipment | | | | | | | |
|---------------|----------------------------|------------|-----|-----------|---------------|----------|-----|----------------|
| Opening of | Light & | 80,000,000 | CGL | 2022 - | No. & Km of | 25 roads | New | Infrastructure |
| roads | heavy bush | | | 2023 | roads opened | | | department |
| | clearing to | | | | | | | |
| | open new, spread gravel | | | | | | | |
| | materials & | | | | | | | |
| | compact | | | | | | | |
| Construction | Providing | 20,000,000 | CGL | 2022-2023 | No. & Km of | 5 roads | New | Infrastructure |
| of concrete | concrete | | | | roads paved | | | department |
| pavements & | paving and | | | | | | | |
| drainages | construct | | | | | | | |
| | drainages | | | | | | | |
| Maintenance | Construct and | 5,000,000 | | 2022/2023 | No. of | | New | Infrastructure |
| of Landing at | rehabilitation | | | | Landing sites | | | department |
| Lamu Island | of landing | | | | constructed & | | | |
| & Mokowe | sites | | | | maintained | | | |
| Installation | Purchase & | 30,000,000 | CGL | 2022-2023 | No. | 400 | New | Infrastructure |
| of | construct the | | | | streetlights | LEDs | | department |
| streetlights | streetlights | | | | installed | | | |
| | infrastructure | | | | | | | |

LAMU MUNICIPALITY

The Lamu Municipality focused on providing efficient and accountable management of the affairs of the Municipality, provide governance mechanism for engagement of the residents in planning and development, provide basic services, infrastructure and laws for the benefit of the residents. To achieve this, the Municipality has identified 3 key programs namely, General Administration, planning and support services as integral drivers in actualizing the Municipality's vision and objectives, Urban Planning to provide the required policy instruments, standards and regulations to manage the growth and development of the Municipality and Urban Development Programme to provide the basic services and infrastructure.

The staff recruitment, allocation of resources and coordination of the functions provided by other departments is necessary to ensure efficient and effective operation of the Municipality.

Vision

A leading Municipality in sustainable planning and use of resources.

Mission

To facilitate improvement of livelihood of Municipality residents through efficient and effective citizen participation and provision of basic services and infrastructure to uplift the quality of life of residents.

| Table /1: Capital Projects for the 2022/25 FY | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---|-----------|-----------|-------|--------|----------------------|--|
| Project name | Location | Description of activities | Estimated | Source of | Time | Status | Implementing | |
| | | | cost | funds | frame | | Agency | |
| Recreational park | | Design of mid-size recreational park Securing and setting ground Construction of park facilities and monuments | | CGL | 1FY | | Lamu Municipality | |
| Purchase of tractor | | Purchase of Heavy duty tractor for garbage collection | | CGL | 1FY | | Lamu Municipality | |
| Ring road | | Construction of Mnazi mmoja-Mtangani(wiyoni)- Bajuri-Pambaroho- Kandhar-Fisheries. | 50M | KUSP | 1FY | | Lamu Municipality | |
| Rehabilitation of Amu island pathways, manhole and | Mkomani | Rehabilitation of Amu island pathways, manhole and sewer drain covers. | | CGL/KISIP | 1FY | | Lamu Municipality | |

Capital and Non-Capital Projects for the 2022/23 FY Table 71: Capital Projects for the 2022/23 FY

| sewer drain | L | | | | | | |
|---------------|---------|---------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|
| covers. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Securing and | Hindi | Construct perimeter fence | 10M | CGL | 1FY | New | Lamu |
| fencing of | Basuba | along the secured dumping | | | | | Municipality |
| dumping sites | Shella | sites | | | | | |
| | Mkomani | | | | | | |

| Project name | Location | Description of | Estimated | Source | Time | Status | Implementing |
|--------------------|----------|---------------------|-----------|--------|-------|--------|--------------|
| | | activities | cost | of | frame | | Agency |
| | | | (Ksh.) | funds | | | |
| Purchase of | Mkomani | Purchase of 2-metre | 2M | CGL | 1FY | New | Lamu |
| detachable tractor | Hindi | deep tractor bins | | | | | Municipality |
| bins | | | | | | | |
| Purchase of | Hindi | Purchase of 2 heavy | 1M | CGL | 1FY | New | Lamu |
| motorcycles | Mkomani | duty motorbikes | | | | | Municipality |
| Purchase of Motor- | Hindi | Purchase of Motor- | 5M | | 1FY | New | Lamu |
| vehicle for rapid- | Basuba | vehicle for rapid- | | | | | Municipality |
| response and | | response and | | | | | |
| inspections | | inspections | | | | | |
| Purchase of 100HP | Shella | Purchase of 100HP | 4M | | 1FY | New | Lamu |
| speedboat | Mkomani | speedboat | | | | | Municipality |

CHAPTER FOUR

RESOURCE ALLOCATION

Lamu County has been relying on two main sources of financing which has led to resource constraints in the implementation of previous ADPs.

To address resource mobilization challenges, the County Treasury has developed a strategy to reduce the over dependence on the shareable revenue. The strategy ensures that there is a clear, systematic, predictable and well-coordinated approach to soliciting, acquiring, and utilization, management, reporting, monitoring, and evaluating assistance from development partners and for expanding the domestic resource base to ensure sustainable resource availability for implementation of the Annual Development Plan. The county will seek both internal and external funding where the internal strategy will focus on enhancing the county's own source revenue while the external strategy moves the attention towards engaging external partners to finance implementation of the ADP.

Own Source Revenue

To increase proportion of own source revenue, the county will;

- 1) Review revenue collection procedures as per TADAT
- 2) Strengthen revenue streams inter-linkages
- 3) Enhance the policy and legal framework for revenue collection
- 4) Embrace change management
- 5) Undertake a comprehensive revenue potential assessment for all streams

Community Engagement

The county recognizes communities as critical stakeholders that have an important role to play in the management and implementation of programmes and projects in their areas rather than them being mere recipients of development programmes; The community will be involved in implementing some of the programmes through collaborative support by pursuing social contribution activities.

Proposed Budget by Programme

The 2022/23 budget will be the fifth budget to implement the CIDP 2018 – 2022. To enhance linkage between planning and budgeting, the funding to programs in the budget will be based on how department programs demonstrate alignment to the five thematic goals identified in the CIDP and articulated in the ADP. This will be geared towards increased household income for sustainable livelihoods.

The strategies identified in the Annual Development Plan will be used to set the preliminary ceilings in the County Budget Review and Outlook Paper and expounded in the Sector Working group reports, which will thereafter be used to set the ceilings in the County Fiscal Strategy Paper.

| Revenue | Revenue 2021/22 | Projected Revenue 2022/23 | Projection 2023/24 |
|--|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Equitable share National Government Revenue raised Nationally | 3,105,649,643 | 3,200,000,000 | 3,400,000,000 |
| Conditional Allocations from loans & grants | 582,101,501 | 437,400,000 | 450,400,000 |
| Revenue from Own County Sources | 120,000,000 | 130,000,000 | 140,000,000 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 3,807,751,144 | 3,767,400,000 | 3,990,400,000 |

Table 73: Fiscal Projections for 2021/22-2023/24

Projected Allocation for FY 2021-22 Per Economic Classification

| Economic classification | 2021/22 FY | % of Budget | Proposed Allocation 2022/23 | % of Budget |
|---------------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Compensation To Employees | 1,603,986,976 | 44% | 1,718,915,521 | 46% |
| Operation and Maintenance | 926,162,667 | 25% | 926,162,667 | 25% |
| Development | 1,122,321,812 | 31% | 1,122,321,812 | 30% |
| Total | 3,652,471,455 | | 3,767,400,000 | |

Proposed Budget by Department for FY 2022-23

| Name of Department | Amount (Ksh.) | % of the total budget |
|---|---------------|-----------------------|
| County assembly | | |
| County executive | | |
| Agriculture and irrigation | | |
| Lands and physical planning | | |
| Education and vocational training | | |
| Health | | |
| Livestock, veterinary and cooperative development | | |
| Water | | |
| Public health and sanitation | | |

| Gender, Youth and Sports | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Fisheries development | |
| Trade and tourism | |
| Infrastructure and energy | |
| Lamu Municipality | |
| TOTAL | |

Risks, Assumptions and Mitigation measures

The Annual Development Plan risk analysis is as follows:

| Table 74: Risks, A | Assumptions | and Mitigation | Measures |
|--------------------|-------------|----------------|----------|
|--------------------|-------------|----------------|----------|

| Risk | Assumption | Mitigation measures |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Slow procurement | Enhance skills of accounting | Capacity building procurement staff |
| process | officers and procurement | and prospective bidders on e- |
| | officers | procurement |
| Low own source | All departments to collaborate | Structural reforms in the revenue |
| revenue as a | in revenue mobilization | section and set up strategies to enhance |
| percentage of whole | | efficiency and transparency in revenue |
| budget | | collection |
| Slow budget | Appointment of key delivery | Decentralize further County Treasury |
| execution | staff done at appropriate time | services |
| Inadequate human | Adequate funding to establish | Improve and rationalize staffing levels |
| staff in the various | optimal structure | |
| departments | | |
| Sustainable wage bill | No new salary increments to | Restrict employment to only critical |
| | be proposed by SRC | staff |

Proposed Fiscal Discipline Measures

Financial prudency, accountability and responsibility are fundamental public finance principles as provided for in Article 201 (d) of the Constitution. On the other hand, Section 107 of the PFM Act, 2012 sets out the fiscal responsibility principles to be enforced by the County Treasuries. To ensure openness and accountability in management of the county funds, the county treasury and the county government at large will adhere to the principles and framework of public finance as provided for in chapter twelve of the constitution of Kenya 2010.

CHAPTER FIVE

This chapter presents the monitoring and evaluation framework that will be used to track progress on implementation of programmes and projects at the county level. This will be conducted through Lamu County Integrated Monitoring and Evaluation System (CIMES) whose main aim is to improve the effectiveness in tracking the implementation of various development policies, strategies and programmes. To ensure that there is a clear way of measuring performance; Lamu County will develop a Performance Management Plan that will see that all commitments made in the ADP are translated into performance contracts with public officers in the county.

Institutional framework to be adopted in M&E

Monitoring and Evaluation will be managed at the departmental level and coordinated by the Economic Planning's Monitoring and Evaluation unit. CIMES guidelines will be used to guide the establishment of various structures to support M&E at the County level. Efforts to put in place these structures have already begun with the establishment of the CoMEC. The public and implementing agencies will be engaged through these structures in monitoring and evaluating the implementation of the CIDP.

Upon the formation of the various committees in charge of M&E as outlined in the CIMES guidelines, efforts will be made to ensure that these structures function well through the provision of data and information in a timely manner to inform decision making at various levels. The Efficiency Monitoring Unit will work closely with respective departments to ensure that the processes are seamless and challenges are addressed in a timely manner to reduce bottlenecks that can hamper efficiency and effective delivery.

There will be deliberate efforts made to strengthen Monitoring and Evaluation at Sector and Departmental levels to Strengthen Results Based Management. This will enhance the adoption of monitoring and evaluation processes that will help assess and strengthen service delivery through the provision of timely, up-to date information and assess how well the Lamu County Government is performing in terms of economic, social and political development.

Monitoring and Evaluation of programmes